### Labour has narrow lead over Tories

LONDON (R) - Britain's opposition Labour Party was slightly ahead of the ruling Conservative Party in an opinion poll released Tuesday. The ICM poll for Wednesday's Guardian newspaper gave Labour 43 per cent against 41 for the Conservatives. The minority Liberal Democrat Party had 12 per cent. A month ago the major parties each received 39 per cent support in the same poll. The Liberal Democrats had 17. The latest result is in line with a series of polls showing the two parties either neck-and-neck or trading a minor lead — aften within the bounds of statistical error. The closeness of opinion polls, with an election due within the next nine months, has financial markets of edge. The pound fell against the German mark Tuesday on early fears the Guardian poll would show a much larger Labour lead. British Prime Minister John Major has helped his party claw back a large lead Labour built up before the conservatives dumped former leader Margaret Thatcher last November. However, the Guardian ICM poll was taken last Friday and Saturday, after Mr. Major delivered a keynote address to the annual Conservative Party conference — suggesting it may not have had the impact the ruling party had hoped.

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### France urges U.S., British return to UNESCO

PARIS (AP) — President Fran-

Cess Diana

a hate mail

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ess Kale

cois Mitterrand Tuesday implicitly urged the United States and Britain to return to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UN-ESCO) and use it to build a post-cold war order based on democracy. Mr. Mitterrand spoke at the opeoing of the biennial general conference of the UNESCO, grouping 2,000 dele-gates from 163 member countries. "I call on all states today to come and rejoin this sort of world power of thinking and creativity that all of you represent," Mr.
Mitterrand said. The appeal appeared to be directed at the United States and Britain, who have sent only observer missions berg mania to the U.N. agency since walking out in the mid-1980s.

### Rashid triai postponed for 8 days

ATHENS (Ar) — And murder Palestinian charged with murder in the 1982 mid-air bombing of a Pan Am Jumbo jet was post-poned Tuesday for eight days to give defence lawyers time to study the evidence against him. The postponement also gives the new president of the threemember felony court enough time to study the indictment : - : against 41-year-old Mohammad Rashid. Apostolos Karagianopoulos replaced court President Christos Anastopoulos after he had a heart attack. The court will panta gives reconvene oo Oct. 23 after defence lawyers study a list of documents that catalogue the exhibits against Mr. Rashid. The list was

### Fundamentalists kill Egyptian beer selier

turned over by the Federal

Bureao of Investigations (FBI)

which carried out the six-year investigation that led to Mr.

Rashid's 1988 arrest in Athens.

- ASSUIT, Egypt (R) — Seven suspected Muslim fundamentalists stabbed a beer vendor to . . . . . death, police sources said Tuesday. Seven masked men broke -- : in Upper Egypt, stabbed him = several times in front of his wife and two children, then fled. Police sources said fundamentalists had warned 40-year-old Ibrahim against selling beer and apparently killed him when he refused to comply.

### 4 Turks arrested with \_ 3.5 tonnes of hashish

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian security forces arrested four Turks trying to smuggle 3.5 tonnes of hashish into the country, police sources said Tuesday. An Egyptian navy ship and a police helicopter chased the four men for six hours off Egypt's Red Sea coast before arresting them with the haul.

#### Honecker 'does not seek asylum in Chile'

rom Berit the house of her daughter, Sonja, who lives here with her Chilean husband, Leonard Yanez.

### Tunisia recalis envoy from Sudan

plomatic source said Tuesday. Ezzedine Mansour was aiready back in Tunis. After a meeting Monday, the politbure of the ruling Democratic Constitutional "strong disapproval" of the support it said Sudan gave to Tunisian fundamentalists.

# Assad, Baker meet amid countdown to Palestinian decision

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — U.S. Palestinian bid to obtain im-Secretary of State James Baker proved conditions for the propmet Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Tuesday but the fate of a Middle East peace conference bung oo a decision by Palestinians on whether to go to the

negotiating table.

Mr. Baker arrived from Amman where he urged Palestinians not to miss the peace opportunity. He weot straight into a meeting with Mr. Assad to iron out final details before the probable dispatch of conference invitations

The Palestinians must decide their position within the next few days - the Palestine Central Conneil (PNC) is due to meet in Tunisia Wednesday when Mr. Baker will be in Israel.

Mr. Baker is determined to convene the conference by the end of this month to meet a target set by President George Bush and Soviet President Mikhail Gor-

A U.S. official said Mr. Baker spoke by telephone late Monday with Faisal Husseini, a Palestiman negotiator who has-led a delegation from the Israelioccupied territories which has been negotiating over the terms of participation.

Earlier reports said Syria, in talks with Mr. Baker Tuesday, was to throw its weight behind a

and predicted that "we are ... on

the verge of a major break-through in the Middle East:"

Mr. Bush praised Bahrain's de-

cision to participate with the Gulf

Cooperation Council (GCC) in

the Middle East peace confer-

ence, saying it "strengthens the

prospect for the only peace that can endure: a fair and compre-

bensive peace acceptable to all

Secretary of State James Baker

is currently in the Middle East

trying to make the final arrange-

The emir said Monday in an

interview with the Associated

Press in New York that he hopes

the conference will enable Arabs

and Israelis to live together in

parties in the region."

ments for that conference.

proved conditions for the prop-

osed peace conference. Diplomats close to Syrian government thinking were quoted as saving that Mr. Baker will be told that Syria would not give a final answer before consulting with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

There was no immediate confirmation that this was conveyed to Mr. Baker during Tuesday's

Presidential spokesman Joubran Kourieb said Baker's first meeting with Mr. Assad lasted three bours and they would resume their talks later in the day. Advisers to Mr. Baker said that peace conference would probably convene by Oct. 31, possibly io

Mr. Baker seemed optimistic that invitations to the conference will be issued by Oct. 21. Officials say the invitations must go out before then if they are to convene a conference by Oct. 31.

As the end of the month approaches, consideration of a time and place for the negotiations focused oo a wide range of possibilities, including Lausanne, Switzerland, according to sources close to Mr. Baker.

There has been speculation recently in Switzerland that the meeting would take place in



U.S. Secretary of State James Baker confers with Foreign Minisger Kamel Abn Jaber prior to his departure for Syria Tuesday morning (photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

The Assad-Raker talks were reported to cover Syria's reluctance to attend negotiations dealing with the regional weapons build-up and scarce water re-

Mr. Assad has given tentative approval for peace talks with Israel. But last month be told Mr. Baker he was reluctant to participate in the phase of the talks that would deal with water resources, the environment, the arms buildup in the region and Palestinian

Sioce theo, Saodi Arabia, Egypt and Jordan all have reaffirmed their attendance.

Mr. Baker is hoping that will belp him persuade Mr. Assad to go along.

Syrian Foreign Mioister Farouq Sharaa said Monday be was confident the conference would be convened "by the end of the month or perhaps it will be delayed for a couple of weeks. "We will know in a reasonably

short time if we will have an active peace process for the re-gion, or not," Mr. Baker said Monday night after a three-hour meeting with His Majesty King Hussein in Amman. Palestinian leaders say that

Washington's assurances so far on Palestinian representation and the status of Arab East Jerusalem were inadequate. Mr. Husseini, due to meet Mr.

Baker in occupied Jerusalem Wednesday, said Palestinians. hoped to assemble a conference delegation within days. But that depends on the PLO,

which sent a team to Amman as part of preparations for the crucial meeting of its Central Coun-

Mr. Baker's message to Palestinians is: The terms might not be good but they are the best you can hope for.

He argues it will lead to a process in which Israel will come under pressure to withdraw from occupied territories and improve the lives of Palestinians living under occupation.

His Majesty King Hussein Monday receives Palestinian leaders Faisal Husseini and Hana Ashrawi (photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

# King receives Palestinian leaders, reviews Mideast peace process

King Hussein Tuesday received at the Royal Court three Palestinian leaders from the occupied Arab West Bank and the Gaza

Strip.
The King exchanged views with the three — Hanan Ashrawi, Faisal Husseini and Zakharia Al Agha on a pobtical settlement to the Palestine problem and preparations for the proposed Mideast peace conference, stressing the importance of Jordanian-Palestinian coordination - the Jordan News Agency, Petra said. Senior officials attended the

meeting. Earlier, Prime Minister Taher Masri and the three Palestinian leaders reviewed the outcome of the latest round or talks between Jordan and U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and contacts between the three Palestinians

and Mr. Baker in Washington. Discussions focused on the cur-

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty withdrawal of Israeli forces from the occupied Arab lands, Petra

> Following the meeting with the King and Mr. Masri, Mr. Hussaid that the talks were positive and the meetings were part of a series of Jordanian-Palestinian talks designed to give momentum to the peace process that would guarantee the national rights of the Palestinian people. Questions like means of halting

Israeli settlement programmes, the right of the Palestinian people to self-determination and the question of Jerusalem were disassed at the meeting. Mr. Husseini expressed his be-

lief that the political discussions which took place in Amman would have a positive impact on the peace process. "The Palestinian and Jorda-

nian positions are identical with regard to the question of Jerusalem and we have to wage the ference that would ensure the said.

Hussein's nationwide address last Saturdy and said that it 'represeots the Jordanian position which is identical to the Palestinian stand.'

Mr. Husseini said that be believes Jordanian-Palestinian relations will be based on the concept of the confederal state as proposed by the Palestine National Council. Mr. Husseini said discussioo

over the formation of a Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the peace talks were still going on and a final decisioo could only be expected after a series of meetings. The role of the Palestine Li-

beratioo Organisation (PLO), Mr. Husseini said, is clear as the sole and legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.
"As I said before, nothing

could be achieved and no peace process could be complete withapproval," Mr. Husseini added.

## **PLO** team ends talks

AMMAN (J.T.) — A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) delegation wound up the latest round of talks with Jordanian officials Tuesday on coordination ahead of the proposed Middle East peace confer-

Prime Minister Taher Masri met with the delegation, which included PLO Executive Committee members Mahmoud Mazen, Abdullah Hourani, Yasser Abed Rabbo and Suleiman Najjab, and briefed them on the outcome of Monday's talks here with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker

The delegation also held talks with Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber and other officials. Also included in the PLO delegation's discussions here were issues and modalities related to the peace conference. Jordan has offered the umbrella of a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the conference so that obstacles in the way of the first Arab-

Israeli peace talks could be over-

Mr. Abed Rabbo was quoted as saying Monday that the PLO had requested the Jordanians to coovey to Mr. Baker the organisation's unfulfilled demands for assurances ahead of the peace conference. No further details were immediately available, but Mr. Baker's comments to the press Monday evening indicated that the U.S. was not moving

towards meeting the demands.

The PLO delegation was expected to leave late Tuesday or early Wednesday for Tunis to attend a crucial meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC), which will make the final decision on Palestinian representation in the peace confer-

Meanwhile, the bead of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) in Jordan Brigadier Naim Al Khatib, was quoted as praising

(Continued on page 5)

# PLO hardens its position following unacceptable U.S. demand on delegates

### Snags over representation, Jerusalem and settlements remain

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leadership yesterday hardened its position towards Palestinian participation in the proposed Middle East peace conference following American pressures to deliver a list of candidates to the peace talks to U.S. Secretary of State James Baker during his visit to Amman, according to Palestinian officials in Amman and Tunis.

The officials said that Mr. Baker, who left Amman for Damascus Tuesday, had asked for a list of 30 to 40 candidates from the Israeb-occupied territories, ex-

cluding Jerusalem, to be conveyed to him in Amman on Monday or Tuesday.

The PLO, in complete coordinatioo with Palestinian leaders in the occupied territories, rejected the American request which was cooveyed through different channels, the officials

The officials told the Jordan Times that the U.S. was insisting on receiving the list before Thursday when Mr. Baker is expected to meet with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir.

The American determination to exclude the representation of Palestinians in the diaspora and East Jerusalem is expected to have negative

influence on the debate over the issue by the PLO Central Council, which is led to convene today in Tunis, Palestinian officials said.

Although PLO officials said that

the organisation was still expected to endorse a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation, it viewed the American pressures as attempts to take the PLO out of the political picture even prior to the convening of the peace confer-

Consequently, the officials said, the PLO is now more determined not to compromise its demands over the statue of Jerusalem and representation of Palestinians in the occupied territories and diaspora and its call for an immediate halt of Israeli settlements as prerequisites for Palestinian participation in the peace conference.

According to the officials, the PLO

will reject any attempts by the U.S. to discuss the list of Palestinian delegates with Israel. Despite Mr. Baker's denial, the PLO believes that the names of Palestinian candidates so that he could discuss them with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shomir Thursday.
The officials said that the PLO

leadership had decided that if the Americans would allow Israel to veto Palestinian names it will also insist that it would not accept any Israeli negotiators "who were implicated in any way in massacres or torture of Palestinian officials here and in

Tunis said that there was total unity

(Continued on page 5)

### call for nuclear test ban NAPLES, Italy (R) — U.S. Deday follows receot dramatie

a joint ouclear test ban and said the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) must retain the

ing is safer than a nuclear inventory without testing," he said. "We (the United States), I think, will resist the proposition that we ought to go to a comprehensive test ban.

President Mikhail Gorbachev's request that East and West jointly declare a policy of "no-firstuse" of atomic weapons was unacceptable because that strike option had stood as a bulwark of

He spoke to reporters who flew with him from Washington to Naples, where he held talks with U.S. Navy officials. Later this week he goes to Sicily for a key nuclear meeting of NATO defence ministers.

Group (NPG) Thursday and Fri-

promises by the United States and the Soviet Union to scrap thousands of short-range oncle weapons in their atomic arsenals.

Mr. Gorbachev has agreed to match President George Bush's decision to destroy U.S. nuclear artillery shells and short-range ground-launched missiles worldwide as well as remove tactical nuclear weapons from warships. Bot the Soviet leader went

further, calling for a comprehensive ban on all ouclear tests including 150-kiloton onderground explosions now allowed and for a "no-first-use" agreement on nuclear arms. "The (ouclear) deterrence is

stronger if you leave the element of uncertainty out there in the mind of an adversary," Mr. Cheney said of the nuclear option. "That's why we will avoid signing up for a no-first-use pob-

He said NATO already operated on a defensive basis and had no plans for first use of military force, adding that the policy was "probably a safer proposition than to single out individual

### Cheney rejects Gorbachev Leaders chart human rights course for Commonwealth HARARE (AP) - Britain Tues-

day urged the Commonwealth to strengthen a proposed declaration on human rights, as the club of Britain and its former colonies sets a post-cold war course. "The time has come for the

Commonwealth to move from words to reality," aides quoted British Prime Minister John Mafor as saying. "There can be oo higher prior-

ity for the Commonwealth than to belp to foster and strengthen a democratic culture in our countries ... to help deliver what has come to be known as good government to our peoples.' Mr. Major spoke during a

closed-door meeting of 10 Commonwealth leaders who are finalising a proposed declaration on ways of promoting democracy and free elections.

The meeting, on the eve of a summit of the 50-nation Commonwealth, reflected an acknowledgement of the collapse of communism in Eastern Europe and moves towards democracy in other continents.

Major's pressure for a stronger wealth leaders.

declaration met with a cool response from Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Ben Mohammad, chairman of the meeting. But Commonwealth Secretary Geoeral Emeka Anyaoku of

Nigeria said Monday most Commonwealth nations now accept that one-party political systems that many adopted after independence have failed. The leaders of Australia, Bri-

taio, Canada, Cyprus, India, Malaysia, Nigeria, Papua New Guinea, Trinidad and Tobago and Zimbabwe were finalising at-Tuesday's meeting a draft declaration prepared by their offi-

Commonwealth officials said the draft envisaged the Commonwealth monitoring elections. promoting free press and judiciaries and multiparty states. \*

British officials gave no immediate details of their proposals to strengthen the draft. "But we want it sharper," said a senior

aide to Mr. Major. The report on promoting human rights will top the agenda of the week-long summit, the regu-

British officials, speaking on the week-long summit, the regu-condition of anonymity, said Mr. lar biennial meeting of Common-

s mightshift

treasure

SANTIAGO (AP) — Margot Honecker, the wife of the last munist ruler of the former East Germany, said her husband would like to live in Chile temporarily, but is not seeking asylum here. Interviewed Monday night by the Chilean state television, Mrs. Honecker said her husband has recovered "from a series of very serious surgeries, but he will never be a completely healthy man again." She said the 79-year-old former communist ruler, who is in Moscow, suffers from kidney problems. Mrs. since Oct. 4, was interviewed at

TUNIS (R) — Tunisia has recal-"After you have peace, anyled its ambassador to Sudan in protest against the Khartoum thing is possible. They are human beings," he said. "We should live government's support for Tunisian Muslim fundamentalist leadtogether as human beings." On Iraq, Mr. Bush said, "We er Rached Ghannouchi, a diwill keep the pressure on until we are satisfied that all of (Iraq's) The source said Ambassador weapons of mass destruction and the means to deliver them have been destroyed, until a new leadership in Iraq stands ready to live, in peace with its neighbours." Union (RCD) expressed its He said Iraq also must agree to U.N. ground rules if it wants to sell Iraqi oil to buy food and

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — U.S. Presideot George Basb The international community deserves to know with certainty vowed Monday to "keep the pressure oo" Iraq until it destroys that the food and medicine purchall its weapons of mass destruc-

ased under this plan reach the people of Iraq, rather than Iraq's armed forces," Mr. Bush said. "Saddam Hussein will not scorn the will of the world. Iraq "This programme can go for-ward the instant Saddam Hussein must never again threaten its neighbours," Mr. Bush said at a accepts U.N. resolutions 706 and ceremony welcoming the emir of Bahrain to the White House. 712 and puts in place a U.N.supervised system to monitor oil exports and food distribution," Sheikh Isa Ben Salman al Khalifa lauded Mr. Bush's leadership

The emir said beforehand that he planned to discuss expanded defense arrangements in the Gulf with Mr. Bush.

### U.N. procedures

As Iraq vowed to fight the U.N. trade embargo, the Security Council's Sanctions Committee has disclosed intricate procedures to monitor future oil sales and the distribution of food and medical

The committee's plan, expected to be approved Tuesday, takes the United Nations into uncharted waters in administering contracts and monitoring

embargo since the beginning of the Gulf crisis, is permitted to sell \$1.6 billion worth of oil over a six-month period. All the funds are to go to a U.N. escrow account, with about

Iraq, under a stringent trade

a third designated for war reparations and U.N. costs for scrapping Baghdad's weapons of mass destruction. About \$933 million will remain for Iraq to purchase badly needed

food, medical and other huma-

nitarian supplies, under U.N. su-

pervision.

# Bush says he will keep Israeli 'the pressure on' Iraq contractor killed in

West Bank (Agencies) — Two Palestinians on Tuesday shot and killed an Israeli contractor who came to their West Bank village to pick up day labourers, the army and Arab

reports said. The assailants stopped the con-tractor's car, pulled him out and shot him three times in the back and once in the head, Arab reporters said. The attackers took the victim's gun.

Another Israeli contractor rid-

hurt, an army statement said. The shooting occurred at about 7 a.m. (0500 GMT) in the village of Zbuba near the town of Jenin. Troops imposed a curfew on Zbuba and conducted searches for the assailants, the army said. Palestinians said a helicopter was circling above to assist in the

ing in the car fled and was not

Arab reports said the victim. Jamal Hassoun, 42, was a Druze from the village of Daliyat Al Carmel in Israel.

The contractor, a retired soldier, has been coming to the village for the past five years to pick up day labourers, Arab reporters said The motive for the killing was

not clear. In recent months,

several Israeli Arabs carrying

guns bave been attacked by

Palestioians who seized the Also, the Jenin area is patrolled mainly by Druze members of the paramilitary border police, and resentment against them is running high among the Palesti-

nians of the region.

fence Secretary Dick Cheney Tuesday rejected Soviet calls for

option of launching a first nuclear strike against any threatening "A nuclear inventory with test-

Mr. Cheney also said Soviet

NATO security for decades.

The semi-annual strategy session of NATO's Nuclear Planning

# Israelis launch anti-Baker protests in West Jerusalem

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli rightwingers and Jewish settlers began protests Tuesday against U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's visit to secure Palestinian and Israeli attendance at Middle East peace talks.

Small groups demonstrated against Mr. Baker's visit. But on Wednesday armed settlers plan to bring thousands of Jews from the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip to the doors of the U.S. consulate in West Jerusalem where Mr. Baker will meet Palestinians.

The army is expected to bar Palestinians from the occupied territories from entering Jerusalem during Mr. Baker's threeday stay, security sources said. Washington warned last week that radical groups on all sides opposed to the talks might try to

disrupt the peace process. Mr. Baker hopes to end eight months of shuttle diplomacy on Friday by announcing with cosponsor Moscow that the conference will go ahead at the end of this month.

Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin arrives in Israel on Thursday to clear the way to renewing full diplumatic relations. The Jewish state demanded Moscow reestablish ties, severed over the 1967 Middle East war, if it wanted to co-sponsor the talks.

Mr. Baker, who has aiready won conditional backing from Israel and its Arab neighbours un his eight tours of the region since the Gulf war, hopes to secure a "yes" from the Palestinians.

He warned them on Monday after talks in Jurdan that time was

"The hus is not going to come by again and Palestinians have more to gain from this process than anybody else," Mr. Baker

Two representatives of the nearly two million Arabs living under Israeli occupation crossed into Jordan Tuesday for talks on forming a joint delegation with Jordan for the talks.

Faisal Al Husseini and Hanan Ashrawi said after talks with Prime Minister Taher Masri and Jordanian officials that terms set by Washington were not yet acceptable to Palestinians.

"The main issue is the issue ... of Palestinian rights to choose our own representatives and our own participation and uur own manner uf participation without any veto ur coercion," Dr. Ashrawi said after meeting Mr. Masri. "Therefore the question of

choice is still the esseutial ques-The PLO Central Council is due to meet in Tunisia on

Jerusalem and the freedom of

Wednesday to decide whether to Many Palestinians feel they are being pressed to accept humiliating terms largely dictated by Israel which will not negotiate

with PLO representatives or Palestinians who come from East Jerusalem like Dr. Husseini. Israel believes to do so would undermine its claim to the city which it has annexed, a move not

recognised by Washington ur the international community. Settlers pressed the Israeli claim with great fanfare last week by seizing houses in an East Jerusalem neighbourhood which has been a focus of Palestinian

resistance during the nearly four-

year-old uprising against Israeli

## Turkey says all troops withdrawn from N. Iraq

ANKARA (R) — Turkey has to stop the attacks, Gemran Forewithdrawn all the troops it sent into northern Iraq to attack bases of Turkish separatist rebel Kurds,

Ottfried Hennig, German para senior military official said on Tuesday.

"We have withdrawn all troops from northern Iraq, including those who went there in Angust," the official said.

Thousands of Turkish troops backed by combat planes and helicopters took part in three days of strikes at the weekend against bases of the outlawed Kurdish Workers Party (PKK), which is fighting for a separate state in southeast Turkey.

The attacks were prompted by the killing by the PKK of 11 soldiers last week and nine in August:

Troops whu stayed in a fivekilometre "security zone" inside Iraq since a raid in August had also returned, the official said.

Turkish military officials said earlier the troops had started to return ou Saturday night after destroying a string of Kurdish separtist bases.

Germany said on Monday it had protested to Ankara about the bombing of Kurdish villages. A senior official hinted Bonn might consider stopping military aid to its NATO partner if the attacks resumed.

Iraqi Kurdish rebel condemned the attacks and said at least three guerrillas had been killed and many wounded during the attacks, which froced many civilian Kurds to fice their villages in northern Iraq.

Iraq strongly protested Turkey Saturday about the attacks and warned that "grave consequences might result" if the attacks con-

The Turkish Foreign Ministry rejected the Baghdad protest on Monday, saying Ankara was de-termined to wipe ont "terror bases in northern Iraq."

Germany protested to Ankara and vowed to do all in its power

had nuclear bomb by 1993 LONDON (R) — Iraq could have built a nuclear bomh by

1993 if the Gulf war had not led to the hreak-up of a huge weapons industry, British Deliamentary state secretary for defence, said Bonn may halt militfence Secretary Tom King said Monday. ary aid if the attacks resumed. "They could have had a work-A Turkish Foreign ministry

statement said in replay, "such ing (nuclear) explosive device by unjust statements do not fit well 1993," Mr. King said in a defence debate in parliament. with historical German-Turkish friendship and cooperation... clared, misrepresented and con-"It is thought that the (Ger-

man) reaction to Turkey's operation stemmed from lack of knowledge and misinformation. The ministry regretted that Mr.

Hennig did not mention "terrorworking to dismantle weapons ist" attacks on Turkey by the systems in Iraq had discovered weapons far more advanced than they had expected, he said.

"Turkey did not bomh civilian targets during the operation. It took all necessary measures to prevent any civilian casualties," the statement added.

Iraq Monday took its protest to the United Nations.

Iraqi Ambassador Abdul Amir Al Anbari delivered a letter of protest about the air raids Monday to the office uf Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

Turkey's semi-official Anatolia news agency reported that 24 Turkish sorties were carried out in northern Iraq on Friday and

Baghdad said Turkey bombed several small villages with Napalm, the Iraq News Ageucy

Greece Tuesday condemned the Turkish raids as violations of international law.

"These actions go beyond the narrow-limits of a border incideut," government spokesman Vyron Polydoras said.

Greece coudemned similar Turkish cross-border raids last

Kurdish leader Jalal Talabani told Britain Monday he was worried about possible new attacks on his people as winter approaches in northern Iraq.

#### I want to ask; Should (Jewish) parents whose children have died in action be told the same thing, in the uame of the state?" he

The letter was an advisory sent by Mrs. Albeck last April to Tel Aviv state attorny's office, Israel Radio reported. It followed a complaint by the Palestinian, who was seeking damages from the state for the death of his wife. The man's name was not given.

#### by Israeli soldiers, a liberal legis-"You should claim that the lator said Monday. The letter was written by Pliya plaintiff has only benefited from Albeck, head of the civil department at the attorney general's office, Yossi Sarid said.

Israeli official suggests Palestinian

gained from army killing his wife

**Britain: Iraq could have** 

"Iraq has consistently underde-

cealed its capabilities in all areas.

nuclear, biological and chemical

and hallistie missiles," he said.

United Nations inspectors now

Iraq had advanced plans for

implusion nuclear weapuns,

surface-to-surface missiles and a

vast germ and biological warfare

programme.
On chemical weapons, Iraq
had revealed only a quarter of

what the U.N. team was now

uncovering. The West believed hundreds of ballistic missiles had

not been declared, not including

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) - Iu a "terrible" letter, an

Israeli justice ministry official has

suggested that a Palestinian only

benefited from his wife's killing

"If I did not see the letter with

that such terrible things, shocking and horrible for everyone, could

ity in the state of Israel," Mr.

the so-called "superguns," Mr.

He said the scale and threat

posed by the Iraqi programmes to

develop weapons of mass destruc-

tion justified the insistence of the

allies that Baghdad must destroy

British Prime Minister John

Major warned Iraq last week that

the allies who fought it in the

Gulf would not hesitate to use

U.N. inspectors earlier told re-

porters in Bahrain that all Iraq's

known hallistic missiles and laun-

chers would be eliminated within

a month, making them the first of

four weapons categories to be

scrapped in line with U.N. resolu-

But Douglas Englund, head of

a U.N. ballistic team which left

Baghdad Monday, said mure analysis was needed to decide

whether traq may still be conceal-

ing long-range missiles.
"We have to sit down and

analyse whether there is a realis-

tic possibility there are Scud mis-

siles left and if so what is the

strategy for finding them," he

beaten and theu shot to death by

soldiers in May 1990 while work-

ing in her garden in the occupied

Gaza Strip town of Khan Yunis,

the radio said.

force to destroy its weapons.

King said.

its lethal weapons.

the death of the deceased (his wife). He has benefited, because during her life, be had to provide for her, and now he does not have to do so. And therefore, his my own eyes, if I did not read it damages equal zero," Mrs. three times, I would not believe Albeck wrote, according to the Justice Minister Dan Meridor be written by an official personal-

has complained to Mr. Albeck about the letter immediately after he learned about it and has also held a personal discussion with her, ministry spokeswoman Etty Eshed told the radio. Mr. Meridor has no plans to

take other action against Mrs. Albeck, the radio reported. But Mr. Sarid, a leader of the Citizens' Rights Movement, demanded that Mrs. Albeck be

"I will not accept any explantions from the justice minister, apart from the resignation of, rather, dismissal of Mrs. Albeck," Mr. Sarid said.

## The Arab's wife, 63-year-old Safiyah Suleiman Gargour, was Kuwait seeks money for those

asked a U.N. body to compensate the hundreds of thousands of people who stayed in the emirate

The governing council of the compensation fund, set up to pay those who suffered loss from the invasion, has until now given priority to people who left Kuwait, especially small claimants such as Filipina maids

But Abdul Rahman Al Houty, chairman of the Kuwaiti body set up to assess and press for com-pensation, contended that this unfairly neglected some of those

"Some of the gravest suffering was experienced by the people who were forced to endure the brutality of the entire period of the Iraqi occupation," he told the

"No one could understand, let alone endorse, a situation in which compensation is available for those returning to their home country, but not for those being brutalised in their own homes."

Mr. Houty said: "They watched as the Iraqis abducted family members, many of whom remain unanimously condemned. They witnessed and suffered the pillaging of the Iraqi occupiers."

Diplomats at the meeting, representing the 15 members of the U.N. Security Council, said this was the first time such a demand had been formally made

Whatever the justice of the

The demands of the hundreds of thousands whu stayed behind would add billions of dollars to the claims to be processed under

The money will be provided by taking a maximum of 30 per cent - Mr. Houty asked for this to be the minimum as well - of re-

The Kuwaiti demand centred which the governing council de-cided last August should be paid to all non-Iraqis who could prove they left Kuwait or Iraq during the occupation.

### MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

### Teenage sisters escape forced marriage

NEW DELHI (AP) - A 36-year-old Arab was foiled in an attempt to buy two teenage sisters as his brides in the southern city of Bangalore, newspapers said Tuesday. The would-be groom from Bahrain and the girls' aunt have been arrested and police are investigating whether to charge them with kidnapping, the Times of India and Indian Express newspapers said. While no official statistics are kept, marriages between southern Indian Muslim girls and older Arah men appear common. The girls usually come from poor families who welcome the prices paid for brides by wealthier Arabs. Indian custom calls for a bride's family to provide a dowry. In the thwarted marriage Saturday, 14-year-old Fahmida escaped in her wedding finery while her father was trying to find a Muslim clergyman to conduct the marriage ceremony Saturday, the Times said. "My first thought was to jump into a well and commit suicide, but my sister dissuaded me," Fahmida, who uses only one name, was quoted as saying. She and her 15-year-old sister, Zahida, fled to an uncle's house. The next day, the Bahraini abducted Zahida, the Times said. Her uncle complained to police, who freed the girl from her aunt's house and arrested her aunt. Police said the Bahraini groom, Saad Mubarak Ali Mohammad Al Naaimi, paid Fahmida's aunt about 25,000 rupees (\$970). The Times and Express said the aunt passed on 5,000 rupees (\$195) to the girl's father. In another child-bride case, a 60-year-old Saudi Arabian is awaiting trial on charges of illegally marrying a minor. He is accused of paying 106,000 rupees (\$4,115) to marry a 10-year-old girl in the southern city of Hyderabad. India prohibits the marriage of girls under the age of 18, although the law is often ignored. The Saudi flew the girl to New Delhi after marrying her last August. She burst into tears on the flight and told a stewardess she had been married against her will.

### Ethiopian officials detained

ADDIS ABABA (R) — Several Ethiopian officials have been detained during an investigation into corruption under ousted dictator Mengistu Haile Mariam, the state Ethiopian News Agency (ENA) said Monday. ENA said Major Efrem Fikre-Mariam, head of a government agency dealing with rented houses, and Abebe Mandefor, a senior official of the Addis Ababa administration, were among those detained over the weekend. They were suspected of administrative corruptiou, embezzlement and other unspecified abuses of office during Colonel Mengistu's 14 years in power, the agency said, quoting a government statement. The statement said Maj. Efrem had served as a channel for transferring public funds to Col. Mengistu. It accused officials of the former regime of reducing the Ethiopian people to abject misery while they lived in luxury. Col. Mengistu was forced into exile and his government toppled in May by a rebel group which has since invited in other political groups to form a broad-based transitional government peuding elections.

### iran frees Spanish sea captain

MADRID (R) - Iran has released a Spanish sea captain jailed for the past two and a half years after a collision at sea in which 15 people died, the Spanish Foreign Ministry said Tuesday. Captain Jesus Manuel Rosales, jailed by a Tehran court in May, 1989, was freed on Monday night and left Iran for Frankfurt. He was due in Madrid later on Tuesday, Mr. Rosales was imprisoned after the tanker Minat, on which he was first officer, was in collision with an Iranian ferry in Gulf waters. The collision caused a fire in the ferry in which 15 people died. Spanish Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez is currently touring the Middle East and was due in Tehran later on Tuesday after talks in Amman with Jordanian leaders. Mr. Fernandez Ordonez told Spanish national radio from Amman he was delighted at the release of Mr. Rosales, which would help clear the way for improved relations with Iran. His detention has been a serious obstacle but everything is now in favour of an improvement," the minister said.

### Iran rejects Italian apology

NICOSIA (R) - Iran rejected an Italian government apology Monday for an attack on the Iranian ambassador in the northeast ern town of Rimini. Three Iranians threw eggs containing red ink at Ambassador Hamid Aboutalebi, splattering his face and hair. during a prize-giving ceremony in the town Sunday. The official Iranian news agency IRNA, monitored in Cyprus, said the head of protocol at the Italian presidency visited the ambassador Monday to make a formal apology. "Italy's apology is unacceptable since the incident took place just two metres away from where the Italian foreign minister and other political and economie officials of that country were seated," the ambassador told him, IRNA said. The agency said the three Iranians were from the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq organisation, an opposition group based in Baghdad. The staff at the Iranian consulates in Rome and Milan have stopped issuing visas "because of the apparent atmosphere of insecurity" in Italy,

### China ready to renounce Zionism resolution

NEW YORK (R) — China is ready to renounce the 1975 United Nations resolution that equates Zionism with racism, World Jewish Congress (WJC) representatives who met with high-ranking Chinese political leaders said Monday. "It was made abundantly plain to us that China today regards the wording of that resolution as a gross distortion of the truth and a clanderous slur on the Jewish people," said Isi Leibler, co-chairman of the congress, in a statement. Mr. Leibler led a delegation from the leading Jewish organisation in meetings last Friday with Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen and Wan Li, the chairman of the standing committee of the People's National Congress. "I have not the slightest doubt in my mind after talking to Mr. Qian that the moment this becomes politically feasible, the Chinese will have no hesitation in ending what he clearly indicated to us has become a morally untenable and embarrassing association with this repug-nant resolution," Mr. Leibler said. China voted for the resolution when it was introduced 16 years ago hut has not recently taken a

#### Plagues of crop pests descend on Ethiopia whole country and has caused Tibebu said. After rebels ousted Marxist

ADDIS ABABA (R) — Ethiopia, already afflicted by decades of civil war and famine, has been now struck by plagues of devastating worms, locusts and

The pests are devouring vast areas of ripening crops, a senior agricultural official said Saturday. Seven million people were already suffering the ravages, of drought and civil war in a country facing food shortages, but the latest crisis threatened a catas-

trophe of bihlical proportions.

Armyworm has invaded the

havoc to crops," Tibebu Tessema, head of Ethiopia's crop protection department, told Reuters. The pest, a moth larvae whose

swarms cut a swathe of destruction through grain crops, has caused total crop failure in parts of the northern Tigreland Wollo provinces and severely damaged other areas of the country.

"Birds are destroying crops in the rift valley region and the country is also facing an impending threat from possible invasion hy locusts from Sudan," Mr.

dictator Mengistu Haile Mariam' in May, bringing relative peace to Ethiopia after 30 years of civil war, peasants planted extensive crops before seasonal rains.

Relief agencies estimate that Ethiopia needs 1.4 million tonnes of emergency food aid this year. more than the 1984-85 famine in which a million people are thought to have died.

Mr. Tibebu said it had now been established that agricultural pests invaded Ethiopia from crops.

neighbouring countries in April, but were ignored during the fighting of the last, chaotic stages of the civil war.

Only three aircraft are available to spray crops with pestihad distributed hand spraying, but they are puny weapons against the spreading pests. He said Ethiopia, one of the

world's poorest countries, urgent-ly needed international assistance to obtain aircraft, pesticides and vehicles to save the remaining

# Freed militant returns to lead hostage-takers

BEIRUT (R) — A pro-Iranian militant whose imprisonment in Knwait sparked the kidnapping of Westerners in Beirut has returned home to lead-the hostagetakers, Muslim fundamentalist

sources said. Mustapha Badreddiue was arrested in Kuwait in 1983 following a series of bombings of West-

ern targets there. In the chaos accompanying Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in August 1990 Badreddine and 14 of his men walked ont of their jail cells and managed to flee to Iran. A few months later they returned

hume to Lebanon. The Islamic Jihad (Huly War) movement began abducting foreigners in west Beirut in 1984 to pressure the West to furce Kuwait to release 17 Shiites, led

by Badreddine. The fundamentalist sources said Badreddine had now resumed joint leadership of the pro-Iranian groups holding the Westerners and hat be was playing a major role in talks with United Nations mediators seeking to resolve the hostage crisis.

JORDAN TELEVISION

"He now holds the keys to the cells of the hostages — the same men who were abducted to secure his freedom," one source said.
"He is free; they remain cap-

was supervising the pro-Iranian team Tuesday for a secret meeting with U.N. envoy Giandomenico Picco, who is mediating a swap deal of prisoners in the Middle East.

to secure his release.

The two men were now the real leaders of the captors, the sources said. Islamic Jihad bolds two Americans and a Briton.

At times he uses an Iranian

The sources said Badreddine

Badreddin's brother-in-law, Imad Moughneyeh, leader of Islamic Jihad, was the mastermind behind the plane hijacks and kidaappings which were launched

Moughneveh, in his late thirties, has lived in a Tehran hotel since 1987. Using an Iranian passport, be regularly visits Lebanon to check on the hostages and guards, fundamentalist sources

embassy car to move around Lebanon, the sources added.

Moughneych paid at least two visits to Beirut this summer to participate along with Badreddine in talks with mediators and supervised the release of two hostages in August.

Their men are members of Hizbollah, which has bases in Beirut's southern suburbs, the eastern Bekaa Valley and near the southern port city of Sidon. It demes any role in kidnappings. The fundamentalist sources

said the kiduappers, while agreeing with their masters in Tehran that the crisis should be resolved, were extremely con-cerned over their safety when all the hostages have been freed.

"Their main obsession now is to have international guarantees that they would not be hunted down by Western intelligence services once the hostages are out," one source said.

Iranian officials have offered them haven in Iran hut they want to stay in Lebanon because they feel they would be more produc-

Jordan Valley ......

tive and have more freedom of movement here," he said. "The guarantees issue is one of the hurdles delaying a quick

settlement." The source said the hostagetakers had recently reorganised their ranks and launched a campaign to make sure they were not infiltrated by Western or Israeli

intelligence services. They said uo major infiltrations were discovered but a guard was accused of working for the Israeli Mossad and was taken to Iran for investigation.

Moughneyeh is rarely called by his own name but is widely known as "Hajj."
His wife, and Badreddine's sister, Khadijeh, are active mem-

bers of Hizbollah. In his pursuit of freedom for the prisoners in Kuwait, Moughneyeh organised several hijack-

ings between 1985 and 1988.
He is believed to have planned the 1985 hijacking of a TWA plane to Beirut and the 1987 hijacking of a Kuwaiti Boeing 747 to Iran. Five passengers were killed in the incidents.

Khalifeh pharmacy ...... 985417

**EMERGENCIES** 

Food Control Centre .....

### who endured occupation the torture that the world has

when Iraq occupied it last year.

or Indian labourers.

worst affected.

missing today, and they suffered

argument, agreeing to the Kuwaiti request would delay full payment to those who left the emirate.

expedited procedures, but only be a finite amount of money will be available each year. At the moment, the coffers are

venue from any Iraqi oil sales. on a fixed payment of \$2,500

# **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO .... Le Mond est a Vous News in French Armenta 771331. News in Hebrey News in Arabic ....... The Family Man ...... Cosmos
..... News in English

**PRAYER TIMES** 

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590.

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A rise in temperatures will occur and St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swellich, Tcl. 810740

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Catholic Charch Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tcl. 771751. Ammon International Church T 685326. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saists Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazarene Tel. 675691.

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

winds will be northwesterly moderate. in Aqaba, winds will be northerly fresh and seas calm. Min./max. temp. ..... 15 / 26

**USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Hisham Kanaan ..... Dr. Salman Al Daboubi . 790286 636730 Yacoub pharmacy ..... 637660

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 24, Aqaba 30. Humidity readings:

Amman 70 per cent, Aqaba 36 per cent.

Civil Defence Department ..... 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Highway Police ..... Traffic Police ..... Public Security Department .......
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage 787111 (directory assistance)
Overseas Calls
Central Amman Telephone Repairs ......
Abdali Telephone Repairs .....

HOSPITALS ... 669131 ... 845845 University Hospital

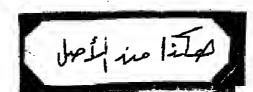
Al-Mussher Hospital

The Islamic, Abdali 667227/5 666127/37 Italian, Al-Muhaircen ... . 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich ..... 775111/26 . (09)983323 Zarga Govi. Hospital ... Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)900560 Bon Sina Hospital ... (09)986732 Al Hitma Modern Hospital .... (09)990990

Jordan Electricity Authority .. 815615 Electric Power Princess Basma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital... Princess Hava Hospital .... FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

.. (03)314111 20:00 ...... Larnaca (RJ) 10:00 ..... Dohs, Bahrain (RJ) 17:00 ..... New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 17:00 ..... Chiro (RI) Madrid, Rome (RJ)

18:10 ....... Londorf, Brussels (RJ) 18:10 ...... Paris, Geneva (RJ) 18:25 ...... Vienna, Frankfurt (RJ) ...... Cairo (MS) ...... Benghazi (LN) ...... Karachi (PK) Other Flights (Terminal 2) MARKET PRICES ...... Khartoum (SU) Upperflower price in fils per kg. DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
Istanbul (RJ)
Amsterdam, New York (RJ) 270 / 180 Lemon 250 / 260
Marrow (large) 150 / 100
Marrow (small) 320 / 260 19:50 ...... New Delhi (R.I Other Flights (Terminal 2) 600 / 500 ----- 220 /160 18:15 ...... Beirut (ME) 19:19 ...... Beirut, Rome (AZ)





Jordanian delegation headed by Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaher reviews bilateral ties with

visiting Spanish Foreign Minister Francisco Fer-mandez Ordonez (Petra photo)

# Spanish foreign minister praises Jordanian stand on peace talks

By Nidal M. Ibrahim

AMMAN — Spanish Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez left Amman for Tehran Tuesday after concluding talks and reviewing bilateral ties with His Majesty King Hussein and other high level government officials.

Mr. Ordonez, seen off at Marka Airport by Jordanian Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber, praised Jordan's efforts and cooperation in the ongoing process to assemble a Middle East peace conference.

"Jordan plays an outstanding role in the peace conference and everybody should be interested in the success of this process in which Jordan is very important, Mr. Ordonez said.

Dia n

Mr. Abu Jaber, in reviewing talks held over the last 24 hours, praised the visiting foreign minister and the strong ties between Jordan and Spain. "Negotiations were very

fruitful and very forthcoming, said Mr. Abu Jaber during a press conference shortly before Mr. Ordonez left Amman. We discussed, of course, bilateral problems between us and Spain and we discussed some multilateral issues like the peace conference process

taking place now."
Officials also discussed the level of Spanish aid to Jordan. Mr. Ordonez said Spain was trying to "amend" the annual aid package offered to Jordan, which at the beginning of this year was set at \$2 million. While saying that Spain rec-

ognises the hardships suffered by the Jordanian economy as a result of the Gulf crisis and the return of about 300,000 returoces from the Gulf. Mr. Ordonez stressed that Spain had to consider its own financial situation.

Mr. Ordonez, who arrived in Jordan late Monday also met with Prime Minister Taher

During his visit, King Husseio conferred npoo Mr. Ordonez Jordan's Al Kawkah Medal of the First Order. Mr. Ahu Jaber decorated Mr. Ordonez with the medal during

Before arriving in Amman, the Spanish foreign minister had visited Syria and discussed relations between Madrid and

# Jordanian delegation leaves to take part in UNESCO conference

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan will take part in the 26th meeting of. the United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) which is opening. in Paris Tuesday and will present an outline about the Kingdom's educational programmes.

by Minister of Education Eid Dahiyat, who left Amman Tuesday to take part in the UNESCO

meeting in Paris.

The minister said he would review the Kingdom's efforts to promote and upgrade educational programmes and to eradicate illiteracy as well as obstacles and difficulties the country is facing in this process and in coping with the consequences of the Gulf crisis on the Jordanian education-

According to the minister, who is accompanied by a threemember team, the Jordanian de-legation to the UNESCO meeting will submit several working papers on joint UNESCO-Jordanian projects in the fields of education and archaeology. Discussions will . -- focus on the restoration of Qasr Al Bent — an ancient castle

found within the ancient Nabatean city of Petra —, the Jorda-nian national museum and the national programme to restore Islamic places in the city of Jerusalem, the minister said.

He added that the delegation will also present an outline on the educational situation in the occupied 'Arab territories ooder Israeli rule. Dr. Dahiyat said that the work-

ing papers will shed light on the Ministry of Education's strategy to implement the resolutions of the 1987 Educational Conference which recommended building schools to end the two-shift system, to offfer training to teachers and to upgrade the curricula.

Dr. Dahiyat has just signed a contract with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) under which the latter will build 437 classrooms at 113 remote Jordanian villages at the total cost of JD 1.7 million. According to the terms of the cootract, the additional classrooms should accommodate

15,000 students. A statement by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the RSS will first conduct tests on the

soil and then draw up designs for the project. The RSS will carry out the project through a new system developed by its enneers, the agency said:

RSS President Hani Al Mulki, who signed the agreement with the minister, told Petra that the new building system shortens time for construction and savesefforts. It also relies entirely on local workers and locally pro-

duced building materials. The system is very practical and of high quality and could be employed in remote areas of Jordan at a very low cost, Dr. Mulki

The RSS had earlier employed the same system in crecting a school at the Bakaa refugee camp, and at the Prince Talal Housing Estate with very successful results, Dr. Mulki said. He added that Libya and Yemen have both expressed desire to adopt the system in construction operations in their remote re-

According to Dr. Mulki, the classrooms project will be completed by the end of the coming

# Food production up but problems remain in making Jordan self-sufficient, minister says

struggling to overcome problems in the agriculture sector to increase food production and attain self-sufficiency, in food but is confronted with almost insurmountable obstacles like the scarcity of water for irrigation and the country's limited ability. to increase the area of productive land, Ministry of Agriculture Secretary General Sami Sunnaz said Tuesday.

While the country has already attained self-sufficiency in vegetables, certain types of fruits, table eggs and is nearing that goal in the production of white meat, its performance in the production of strategic commodities like wheat and red meat is far from satisfactory, Dr. Sunnaa said in a statement marking World Food Day WFD) Tuesday.

Jordan now produces 12 per cent and 27 per cent of its requirements of wheat and red meat respectively and is striving

AMMAN (J.T.)' - Jordan is to ensure further production in creases in the population due to fruit trees from 100,000 dunums the years ahead, Dr. Sunnaa said.

WFD was celebrated worldwide this year under the slogar of "Trees for Life," as called for by the World Food Programme (WFP), which is affiliated to the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO).

Jordan gives this occasion due importance because it realises the chronic problems connected with food production and their adverse effects on the world community, Dr. Sunnaa said. He added that Jordan attaches importance to international cooperation for the sake of eradicating poverty, hunger and malnutri-

Although the Kingdom has come a long way since the 1960s in terms of food production, the agricultural sector has failed to cope with the growing population and the increase in food consumption, Dr. Sunnaa said. He cited io particular the vast in-

the influx of expatriates which has brought about a serious imbalance between material and hu-

man resources. Despite development projects implemented in Jordan ever the past three decades, Dr. Sunnaa said the food gap is still widening. forcing Jordan to increase imports of food products each year.

Dr. Sunnaa said that while the country's food imports in the 1980s were worth JD 132 million, they rose by the end of 1989 to JD 219 million. He said Jordan's food imports constitute 20 per cent of the country's overall imports. 50 per cent of the food imports were red meat and cereals, he added.

Referring to the planting of fruit and forest trees, Dr. Sunnaa said that Jordanians over the past few years have shown deep interest in this kind of farming. The result of this interest was an increase of the areas planted with

in the 1940s to half a million by the end of the 1980s, growing at an average rate of 15,000 dunums

Dr. Sunnaa said that olive trees constitute the main fruit trees gown in the country in view of heir nutritional value for the local community. Olive produc-

tion in Jordan has increased national revenues to nearly JD 40 million by the end of the 1980s, np from JD 4 million in 1961, he

With reference to the forest trees in Jordan, Dr. Sunnaa said that the Ministry of Agriculture gives due attention to planting trees and organises Arbor Day in January each year in order to underline the importance of trees

to the Kingdom.
Jordan, Sunoaa. said, now bas forest trees over three quarters of a million dunums of land and the process cononues unabated.

that Jordan can follow a system to increase vertical production since the horizontal expansion of arable land seems to be difficult.

The government's future agricultural policy, Dr. Suonaa said, will be based on exploiting all surface and underground water resources as well as treated waste water in order to boost food production.

The WFP, established by FAO as the food aid organisation of the United Nations, aims at stimulating economic and social development through food aid and at

providing emergency relief.

The WFP has been helping Jordan increase food production through a number of land development projects and through food aid to local farmers.

The WFP became operational in January 1963 after resolutions at the U.N. General Assembly and a FAO conference to estab-lish it in late 1961.

# Relatives of political prisoners protest prolonged detention

By Nur Sati

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - More than 100 Jordanian women on Tuesday protested the prolonged detention of eight political activists imprisoned last year for attempting to launch military attacks on Israel.

"There is oo Democracy Without Freedom for Political Prisoners," one of the banners carried by the protesters read.

Officials have acknowledged the arrests but declined to comment on when the government planned to try the groop. The prisoners, who are affiliated with various Palestinian political factions and fundamentalist groups, have been detained without trial since April wheo they clashed with an Israeli patrol at the Jordanian-Israeli demarcation

The relatives claimed that the eight prisoners, aged be-tween 24 and 46 suffered serions health problems from a 17-day bunger strike aimed at bringing the government's attention to their prolonged

The activists were arrested May 4, 1990 while attempting to infiltrate into neighbouring Israel, but they have not yet been tried.

Officials have acknowledged the arrests but declined to say when the government planned to try the group.

According to the sister of Mohammad Asha (one of the prisoners), Mr. Asha was sent to hospital as a result of kidney problems. "My brother and another prisoner were released twice to the Al Hussein Medical Centre last week because of ill-health. But they were very quickly takeo back to the prison and we still do not know what is going to happen to them," she said.

"We have talked to everyone from Red Cross officials to



Relatives of political prisoners demonstrate for their release (Petra

the Prime Ministry but nothing has happened yet," said the mother of Khaled Ibrahim Salameh. "All that they tell us is that they will solve it."

Jordan has been io a state of war with Israel since 1967, when the Jewish state seized the West Bank from Jordan and the Gaza Strip from Egypt as well as the Golan Heights from Syria. During the past year, there has been an accelcration of infiltration attempts along the demarcation line by

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

fundamentalists and Palestiman guerrilla groups. As a result, Jordan was forced to tighteo security measures along the ceasefire line.

The detainees are: Anwar Abdul Rabmao, Jihad Mahmoud An Najjar, Khaled Ibrahim Salameh, Mobammad Mabmoud Asba, Ahmad Abdul Aziz, Khalil Abdullah Saloom, Abdol Rabman Abdul Fatab and Yousef Ahmad Al Bayed - The Associated Press contributed to this report.

## **Jordanians residing** abroad praise King's speech

BONN (Petra) - Members of the Jordanian community in Germany Tuesday welcomed His Majesty King Hussein's address before the National Jordanian

Congress last Saturday The King announced that Jor-dan would participate in the peace conference, scheduled for the end of October.

In telephone interviews with the Jordan News Agency, Petra, correspondent io Bonn, Salem Saifi, a Jordanian national living in Cologne said he felt happy while listening to excerpts from the King's speech on Radio

He welcomed the peace conference and said he was looking for a peace hased on justice. He added that the Jordanians in Germany pin great hopes on King Hussein's wise leadership and pledged loyalty to Jordan and its Hasbemite leadership.

A Jordanian studeot in south

Germany said that King Hussein had demonstrated to the whole world through his speech Saturday that Arabs are peace advocates and are not war mongers. He said Jordan's participacion in the peace conference would not detract from its pride and dignity.

"Armed with its strong people, its pride and dignity, Jordan will attend the peace conference," he

A Jordanian doctor living in Hamhurg said he was proud of and satisfied with the King's

Dr. Ali Mustafa Sadeq said time was right to intensify efforts and contacts to establish a just

A Jordanian lady living in Berlin, Wafaa Salameh, said peace had always been a dream and added that Jordanians had always attached great hopes to the Hashemite leadership to contrihute towards finding a just and

### Crown Prince awarded medal

RABAT (Petra) — His Majesty King Hassan II of Morocco Monday cooferred upon His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the medal of the Academy of Morocco in appreciation for his contributions to the academy's activities and of his distinguished status as an Arah intellectual. The Moroccan monarch received Prince Hassan and discussed with him means of further enhancing bilateral relations between Jordan and Morocco. Prince Hassan is currently on a visit to Morocco to take part in the Moroccan Academy meetings being held under King Hassan's patronage.

In another development, direc-

tor general of the Islamic Educational, Cultural and Scientifie Organisation Ahdul Hadi-Boutalch expressed his happiness for Prince Hassan's acceptance of the membership of the Academy of the Kingdom of Morocco.

He said that Prince Hassan's acceptance of this membership. symbolises the convergence of the Arab Orient and the Arab Maghreb in the intellectual and informatioo fields.

Mr. Boutaleh noted Prince Hassan's contribucion in the various areas of knowledge, culture and thought, saying that he contributed a lot to enriching Arah . and Islamic culture and all domains of knowledge.

# Ministry strives to promote tourism

all efforts to encourage inter-Arab tourism as it feels that Jordan could play a pioneering role in this respect due to its close links with other Arah states at the official and social levels, Minister of Toorism Ahdol Karim Al Kabariti said 'Tuesday.

"Jordan is exerting very strong efforts for a comeback on the tourism map in the wake of the Gulf crisis, during which the Kingdom passed through very crucial times," said the minister during a breakfast meeting with a group of tourists from Bahrain.

The group members, representing 10 major tourist and travel offices in Bahrain, and three journalists, have been invited by the minister to the breakfast meeting during their current several-day visit to Jordan at the invitation of Royal Jordanian (RJ), the national air carrier, in

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of of Tourism in Jordan is exerting Tonrism. Mr. Kabariti spoke io detail to

the group about Jordan's tourist opportunities, with particular . atteotion to the therapeotical touristic facilities and spas which he described as equal in efficiency and the level of services to those of the advanced world. RJ Chief Executive Officer

Hussam Abu Ghazaleh addressed the group outlining the national airline's drive to stimulate tourism in Jordan. Various RJ offices. around the world are considered as Jordan's tourism offices because they conduct constant contacts with various tourist orga-nisations around the world with the purpose of ensuring tourist groups' visits to Jordan, Mr. Abv Ghazaleb said. During their week-long stay in

Jordan, the Bahraini visitors will be accompanied oo toors of archaeological and tourist areas.

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- 1. Jordanian nationality with a university degree.
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- 3. Excellent command of the English language. High salary for high qualifications.

  C.V. with photo to be sent to P.O. Box 1368-Amman.

PREPARATORY MEETING — Interior Minister Jawdat Al Shoul Tuesday conferred in his office with the Secretary General of the Council of Arab Interior Ministers Akram Nashaat Ibrahim on preparations for holding the meetings of Arab Interior Ministers on Dec. 1.

Mr. Al Shoul reviewed with Mr. Ibrabia the

convene before Dec. I to prepare for the

topics on the meetings' agenda, which will be presented to the expert committee's meetings due

meetings. He also stressed Jordan's interest in attending the meeting and its full support for the efforts being made to develop and revive the work of common Arab work institutions. In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Mr. Ibrahim said the Council's meeting will discuss a number of issues designed to enhance and further develop inter-Arab cooperation in the field of security, crime control and combatting parcotic traffick-

#### Minister meets French. ambassador

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Tourism and Antiquities, Abdul Kazim Al Kabariti, who is also the acting Planning Minister, received in his office Tuesday French Ambassador to Jordan Denis Bouchard and reviewed with him scopes of cooperation and means of further enhancing them. They also discussed bilateral relations and prepara-

### Minister returns from Oman

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Agriculture Subhi Al Qasem Tuesday returned to Amman from Muscat after an eight-day visit to Oman during which he met with his Omani counterpart and several officials from the Sultanate's Agriculture Ministry. Dr. Qasem discussed with Omani officials scopes of bilateral cooperation in agricultural fields as well as the prospect of exchanging delegations representing the private and public sectors in both countries with the objective of promoting and boistering cooperation and to exchange views on agricultural problems in the region. Dr. Qasem was in Muscat to take part with delegates from the U.S., Canada, Britain, Germany and Syria in assessing the first batch of graduates from Sultan Qaboos University's agri-

### Senegali official concludes visit

AMMAN (Petra) - Senegali Minister of Communications Mukhtar Kabe left Amman Monday be launched by the Ministry of Agriculture in after a two-day visit to Jordan during which he cooperation with the Royal Jordanian Air Force. delivered to Prime Minister Taber Masri a message The ministry Monday advised all citizens in those from the Senegali President Abdo Diouf to His areas to be cautious and to keep away from the Majesty King Hussein. The Senegali minister also areas being sprayed for 10 days. Citizens had also held talks with Mr. Masri on promoting Jordanian- been advised to cover water sources in their areas

# Jordan attends conference on

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan Tuesday took part in the 6th international conference oo drug policies, organised hy the World Health Organisation (WHO) in Ottawa. Director of the Ministry of Health's Drug Control Department Nayef Hamarneh, who represented Jordan at the conference, said that the conference discussed issues pertaining tions for holding the meetings of the Joint to drug industry, requirements of drug registration Jordanian-French Committee in Amman on Oct. and problems facing drug industry in the member

#### CAEU official leaves for Cairo AMMAN (Petra) - Council of Arab Economic

Unity (CAEU) Secretary General Hassan Ibrahim left Amman for Cairo Monday to take part in the meetings of a committee cotrusted with discussing arrangements for compensating CAEU employees in Amman after moving the council's headquarters from Amman to Cairo. The committee, which was formed in implementation of the council's resolutions following its decision to move the headquarters to Cairo oo Sept. 3, will also discuss the expenses of moving the beadquarters. The committee comprises representatives from Jordan, the United Arab Emirates, Syria, Egypt and the General Secretariat of the Arab League.

### Insecticides to be sprayed

AMMAN (Petra) - A two-day insecticide: spraying campaign will start Wednesday in the areas of Ghor Al Safi, Chor Al Mazrana, Thiran, Fifa. Al Mamoura and Haditha. The campaign will and to keep their animals away from open areas.

### By Dr. Abdalla Malki

# **Jordan Times**

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## **Uneasy mission**

OPTIMISM gave way to pessimism yesterday as news filtered out that the Palestinians were unhappy and unwilling to go the extra distance in meeting new-old American conditions for Palestinian participation in the Middle East peace conference. Those conditions, as we understand them, are the immediate submission of names of Palestinian candidates to join the Jordanian delegation and U.S. insistence that no compromise can be reached over including a Palestinian delegate from Jerusalem.

On the surface the news is disturbing in that the PLO Central Council that will meet in Tunis today might decide, based on this new development, to delay the convening of the conference or attempt to deal a heavy blow to the chances of it ever being held. Deep below the surface, however, we do not expect this to happen since we know that the Palestinians have finally decided to give peace a chance, even at a heavy cost to themselves, and that their decision is

While the PLO has moved in the direction of peace at the expense of ignoring even its own existence, it has done so out of strategic considerations rather than for reasons of playing tactics. Peace in itself is a dear and natural goal to every human being, but especially to those who have suffered so much from its absence. Violence and bloodshed and hatred are an alternative but not a good one. This therefore must be the number one consideration for the Palestinian people, and the PLO has opted to make the peace option its top strategic goal for now and later.

Secondly, the PLO and the Palestinians generally have come to understand that Israel wants them to say no to the U.S. and its peace efforts, and they are too seasoned to get Shamir & Co. off the hook so easily. The Palestinians have been bitten so many times in the past that it is highly unlikely they will hand the Israelis their head this time on a

Thirdly, and while the Palestinians have every right to reject those Israeli demands which are shared by the Americans on the issues of self-determination, representation, Jerusalem and the settlements, they nevertheless must have been well aware, all along, that these are the same issues upon which Israel has been capitalising in order to subotage the peace process and the conference. Why let emotional outbursts, legitimate as they indeed are under the circumstances, stand in the way of seizing the opportunity to

Hanan Ashrawi was right to point out yesterday that what James Baker has in his briefcase is the American political position and not necessarily the decisions adopted by the Palestine National Council. What the Palestinians should be doing therefore is to try and bring the U.S. position closer to their side instead of making a futile effort at changing the American agenda altogether. The PLO will play its best hand by insisting on sitting out the political game with the Americans until something more favourable happens. The Palestinians have achieved a great deal so far even though it might appear to them that they are not winning. They should not let anger and emotions, no matter how warranted, scuttle their sacred cause and mission.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

AL RA'I daily Tuesday repeated His Majesty King Hussein's emphasis on the need for Israel to listen to the world community's will and implement U.N. Security Council resolutions. The paper said that any success at the coming peace conference would be a success for the international law and the world peace and any failure would be a severe blow dealt by Israel to the United Nations. Should Washington allow Israel to have its way and continue to defy the world community by refraining from implementing Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338, the United States credibility would be dealt a devastating blow, the paper said. The United States had led the Western alliance in a devastating war against Iraq, ruining its economy and military and killing or starving its women and children through the embargo, the paper said. If Israel is allowed to continue its defiance of the world legitimacy and the United Nations, the Western alliance and the United Nations should take appropriate measures to force the Jewish state to comply with the world community's will as it did with Iraq, the paper demanded. The world is now watching Washington and its aliles which lannched aggression against Iraq to force it to respect the world community's will, the paper added. It said that the world realises that the United States and its allies. can force Israel to abide by international law and is watching to see whether this will materialise.

There is no doubt that the loss of the present opportunity for achieving peace will leave adverse effects and serious consequences on all parties to the Arab-Israeli conflict and the world at large, said a columnist in Sawt Al Shaab daily Tuesday. But, he added, the biggest loser will be the United States simply because it is the sole superpower in the world following the collapse of the communist block and it is in its interest to see that all spots of trouble around the world are terminated, said Salameh Ekour. The writer said that the United States has numerous interests in the Arab region, and should the regional conflicts persist, all these would be in danger. The Arab parties have responded favourably to the U.S. peace plan and it is Israel which is blocking the way to peace, said the writer. Israel, he added, refuses to respect the international legitimacy, refuses to withdraw its forces from the occupied Arah land and refuses to recognise the Palestinian's rights in their homeland and to exchange land for peace with the Arab countries, the writer pointed out. It is therefore Israel which is obstructing the peace process and blocking America's bid to reach peace which is essential to safeguard America's interests in the region, the writer added. He warned the U.S. against forcing the Arabs to accept an unjust peace because, he said, that would make violence crupt once more at some future time.

Economic Forum

# Understanding the Amman Financial Market

The best way for an observer or researcher to live with the Amman Financial Market (AFM) is to assume that it is an irrational market or not to try to understand its behaviour altogether. That the AFM is neither deep nor broad enough to conform with the conventional tools and rules of standard stock markets is a well-established and accepted fact, but the trouble is that it remains irrational even in places where it is deep enough. The movement of stock prices during the last months only confirms this peculiar state of affairs.

The prices of most stocks declined throughout that period without any good reasons. If anything, there was a host of good reasons which should have boosted the market. Political uncertainties which overshadowed the area very thickly throughout the Gulf crisis were clearing out. Relatively generous international aid was unexpectedly, given to Jordan by Japan and western Europe. Unrecorded capital transfers in unknown amounts were, and probably are still, flowing into Jordan. These arose mainly from the movement of Jordanians and other Arabs back to Jordan or through it or from Jordan becoming a major centre of transit trade after abolishing ban on the exportation of foudstuffs and

medicine to Iraq. For mostly similar and interrelated reasons. Jordan's exports of all kinds were being boosted. Week after week, these fragile trends gathered momentum

During the last four months, the liquidity of the banks has been on the rise. Consequently, interest on the dinar desposit has been falling gradually but steadily. By all rational standards, the decline in interest rates should have boosted demand for stocks (and bonds) and pushed their prices up. Interest on the dollar also plunged during the last four months.

Amidst these developments, which did brighten the economic outlook and put the economy nn what seemed to be the road to recovery, the AFM sank into a slump and is still there.

Various schools of opinion offer different interpretations. One such opinion suggests that the property boom (Economic Forum: Wednesday, October 9, 1991) served to divert funds from stocks into property. This is a very powerful argument which must be taken very seriously. The purported intention of the government to sell its boldings of certain company stocks was another dampening force which suppressed share prices. The publishing of poor results of certain companies during the first half of 1991,

which reflected the turbulent circumstances of the Gulf crisis. understandably added to the stock market mess.

. These and maybe other reasons were at work to enfeeble the stock market. But they are short-term forces. We confidently predict a turnaround in the AFM activity, which will reflect the very favourable economic developments which have been underway. For now, the downward trend of stock prices has been contained. Very soon, this trend will be reversed to give way to a new round of price rise. It is simply impossible for the share prices to remain unmoved while the whole economy moves forwards. In this column last Wednesday, we predicted a long, albeit slow, recovery. This applies to stock prices as well.

We have at hand a piece of information that suggests that such recovery has started. According to private information acquired from our banker colleagues, the performance of almost all banks improved remarkably after the first half of 1991 to the extent that Jordanian banks are overshooting their 1991 targets. Given data limitation in developing countries, there cannot be a proof of a surge in economic activity and thereby share prices better than bank

# Glemp asks Jewish leaders to help fight antisemitism in Poland

By Jonathan Schachter

NEW YORK - Cardinal Jozef Glemp has appealed to Jewish leaders for their help in combating Polish antisemitism and "responded positively" to a request by New York Cardinal John O'Connor to intercede with the Vatican to establish relations with Israel, The Jerusalem Post has

Cardinal Glemp made the appeal in a meeting at O'Con-nor's residence in St. Patrick's Cathedral attended by a dozen Jewish leaders, about half of whom had met with Glemp two weeks before in Washington, The cardinal made an appeal

for a conference in Warsaw in February 1992 of leading Jewish and Polish scholars and religious leaders," said Rabbi Mare Tanenbaum, a former chairman of UCIC, the International Jewish Committee on Interreligious Consultations. Mr. Tanenbaum said Cardinal

Glemp wanted the Jewish leaders to "beip me and help as learn what we need to know about the history of the Jewish people, their religion and their culture in Poland.

"It's clear that there have been different readings of that history; we've got to close the gap in the reading of that history," Mr. Tanenbanm quoted Cardinal Glemp as saying.

breakthrough now, a beachhead, and it would be a dereliction of responsibility to abandon that," Mr. Tanenbaum added.

According to a joint statement signed by Cardinal Gleum and the Jewish leaders, the conference would plan a permanent programme "to teach in the universities, academies and faculties of Catholic institutions about Jewish/Polish history, the contribution of Jews to Polish culture and basic Jewish values."

Rabbi James Rudin, director of interreligious affairs of the American Jewish Committee, called the meeting part of a process of "evolution" of the Polish primate's attitude towards Jews. "In the two weeks he's been here, he certainly encountered the dynamics of Catholic-Jewish relations in the United States, which exist here bke nowhere in the world," said Mr. Rudin.



Cardinal Glemp

The meetings with Cardinal Glemp had been the subject of much controversy in light of his statements in a 1989 bomily accusing Jews of controlling the world news media, spreading communism and promoting drunkemess. He also claimed that New York Rabbi Avi Weiss and six other Jews had intended to kill Polish nuns when they demonstrated outside the Carmelite Convent at Anschwitz a

UCIC could not achieve a conasus on whether to meet with the Polish cardinal, prompting the resignation of its chairman, Seymour Reich. The Jews who met with Cardinal Glemp last night were invited to do so as individuals, not in their organisations capacities.

Outside the cathedral, several hundred protesters led by Mr. Weiss sbonted "shame on Glemp" and "Glemp, apologise." Mr. Weiss condemned the meeting, accusing those Jews who attended of "groveling" to the

Last Thursday, Mr. Weiss filed a \$50 million suit against Cardinal Glemp for libel and defamation in New York State Supreme Court. He said that if Glemp fails to respond to the suit, a judgment would be automatically entered against him.

At the Washington meeting Glemp offered a qualified apolo- pathy." gy for his antisemitic statements. acknowledging they were based on mistaken information, but did not offer a direct apology to Mr.

Weiss. Last night, Cardinal Glemp made no reference to Weiss or the Auschwitz incident. said those who attended.

"Today's meeting was not intended for that purpose," Mr. Tanenbaum said. "He reaffirmed what he said in Washington, that he commits himself to the spirit and language of the Polish Catholic Church's pastoral letter, which confesses that it must do t'shuva, and ask forgiveness of the Jewish people, for the injustice that the Polish church and the Polish Christians inflicted on the Jews across the centuries."

At one point in the meeting, Mr. O'Connor turned to Cardinal Glemp and, almost in the tones of a lecture, told his colleague he had to recognise that "there's a radiodifference between the killing of Jews and the killing of Poles. during the Holocaust, that they were qualitatively totally diffe-rent things," said Rabbi Jack, Bemporad of the Synagugue Council of America. "Glemp was very, very attentive," he added. Mr. O'Connor also "urged him to do his best efforts in Polanti to press the Vatican for full diplomatic relations with Israel,"

Cardinal Glemp, "bad; an affirmative reaction,". Mr. Tanenbaum said, adding that while he did not speak specifically in response, he nodded his head in assent. "I think for him, if it did nothing else, the meeting was like a culture shock. He had to unlearn what he learned since childhood in Poland, and now it's a matter of starting a new process," said Mr. Tannenbaum. For the most part, the Jewish leaders said they were "pleased" and "satisfied" by the meeting

Mr. Bemporad said.

and its outcome.

But Rabhi Leon Klenieki, director of interfaith affairs for the Anti-Defamation League, refused to sign the joint statement, saying he was "not satisfied" with the meeting, Mr. Klenicki said Cardinal Glemp still had to "take the step forward and condemn antisemitism, and also to say that what he said before was horrible. And he should say it in a homily in Poland, in Polish. Otherwise, it's just a game of tea and sym-

However, he said be did not regret having met with Cardinal Glemp, adding, "I am still hope-ful." — The Jerusalem Post. woman stands up to guns in Burma

By Peter Eng The Associated Press

A diminutive

BANGKOK - In a nation cowed by military repression, the diminutive Aung San Suu Kyi's non-violent campaign for freedom has instilled fear in generals who slanghtered thousands of

People.
The dissident leader has been for two beld under house arrest for two years by a military junta that refused to recognise her party's victory in 1991 elections in which she was not allowed to run. It was not known whether she knew she had won the 1991 Nobel Peace

Mrs. Sun Kyi personifies the struggle for democracy in Burma, an impoverished South East Asian nation of 40 million people whose plight under iron-fisted generals is largely unknown to he outside world. The daughter of an indepen-

dent hero and an ambassador.

she entered politics reluctantly after soldiers ganned down prodemocracy demonstrators in 1988. She has refused the mintary's offers to let her leave Burma if she gives up her campaign. The 46-year-old mother of two

has consistently championed nonviolence, and cites as her inspiration two independence heroes — India's Mohandas Gandhi and her own father, Aung San. People who know her say he

shares her assassinated father's confidence, directness, warm smile, dignity and commanding resence. She told an interviewer in 1989 that her personal safety is not a question that interests me very much."

"I try to put beart into the people because a lot of them are frightened that if they do anything, they'll be imprisoned or harassed," said the slim, almost frail woman, who stands about 1.55 metres "I tell people: If you give in to intimidation, you'll go on being intimidated."

Her British husband, Oxford

University Professor Michael Aris, said Monday: "There are many sides to my wife. The principal side, which we see now, is her extraordinary commitment." Mr. Aris was reached in Cambridge, Massachusetts., where he

is a visiting professor at Harvard University. Despite attempts to silence

who provides any form of hope for the Burmese population as a whole in an evolution towards a pluralist system." The analyst said the junta is frightened of her if she were

Mrs. Sun Kyi, a Western analyst

said, "she is still the one figure

abroad and they are frightened of her at bome. They don't know what to do with her." Born in Rangoon, Mrs. Suu

Kyi was 2 years old when her father was assassinated. She was educated in Burma and in India, where her mother was ambassador in the 1960s. She earned a degree in philosophy, politics and economics from Oxford in 1967. Then worked for the United Nations in New York.

Shortly before she returned to Rangoon in April 1988 to nurse her ailing mother, the largest anti-government protests in Burma's history had exploded on the nation's streets. They were sparked by the beating of a stu-dent and anger at the government's invalidation of much of the corrency.

Mrs. Sun Kyi, who commanded attention as the daughter of a national hero, seized the moment. Her father was killed July 19, 1947, by assassins hired by the ambitions rival politician U Saw, primarily because of their differences over the new constitution being written for Burma.

"I don't find party politics at all attractive," she said. "I would much prefer to be a writer. But once I had committed myself, then... there cannot be any balf

She committed herself after the Aug. 8, 1988, massacre of demonsetrators who had been carrying portraits of her father, said Swedish journalist and Burma scholar Bertil Lintner. Her first public speech, on

Ang. 26, drew bundreds of thousands in one of the largest railies ever in the capital. "The present crisis is the con-

cern of the entire nation," she

said. "I could not, as my father's daughter, remain indifferent to all that was going on. This national crisis could, in fact, be called the second struggle for independ-

She soon launched naprecedented public criticisms of Gen. Ne Wm, the dictator who 25 years earlier started the country down the economically rainous 'Burmese way" to socialism. In September 1988, military

chief Gen. Saw Manng seized power from Ne Win, and soldiers gunned down thousands of demonstrators.

When the junta later legalised political parties, the main dissident leaders formed the National League for Democracy with Mrs. Sun Kyi as its general secretary. The military, rejected her offer

of talks. Soldiers harassed her, and in April 1989 she reportedly escaped assassmation after a senior officer countermanded an order to shoot her. .... In a telephone interview with the Associated Press on July 19,

1989, she called the junta "fascists" and said they had prepared "a killing field" for the demonstrators. "People have really under-

stood that they are prisoners in their own country," she said. The next day, the junta placed Mrs. Sun Kyi and her party's president, Tin Oo, under house

Confined and barred from running in the May 1990 election, her name nevertheless belped the party 392 of 495 parliamentary

The government refused to yield power and instead jailed many dissidents. Mrs. Sun Kyi is probably well

taken care of because the junta knows the situation could explode if she were harmed, diplomats say.

A Western source says security

guards watch her house, which ironically is across Inya Lake from Ne Win's residence. Her husband and teenage sons, Kim and Alexander, have not been allowed to return from abroad to

# Deafening silence on Europe as Swiss head into election

By Kevin Liffey Retuer

ZURICH — The Swiss are about to elect the parliament that must take perhaps their country's biggest decision this century whether or not to step out of splendid isolation and join the European Community (EC).

Business people plead for it, farmers decry it, most folk agonise over it - but in the corridors of power and on the election trail, the silence is deafening.

The European issue has come late to fiercely independent Switzerland and thrown off balance a wealthy, conservative country not used to being rushed into awkward decisions.

With polling set for next Sunday (Oct. 20), time is running short but there is no sign yet of a broad popular consensus with which Swiss politicians can iden-

tify. So they are sitting on the

"Once, our elections were dull because there were no compelling issues. Now they are dull because the compelling issues are being dodged," wrote Kurt Zimmermann, editor of the liberal weekly Sonntagzeitung.

Joining the EC is a highly emotive issue because it could mean sacrificing a large part of the Swiss democratic tradition. It is also being asked: Can the Swiss political system cope with questions this big?

The three big issues of the day - economic migration, the environment and European intergration - all extended beyond Swiss borders and "badly stretch the problem-solving capacity of our system," two Berne University political analysts noted in the

Weltwoche weekly. For 32 years the four largest parties have shared out the seven cabinet posts in Berne, Switzer-land's picturesque capital city, according to the same so-called "magic formula," and governed would give access to the EC's free a consulting committee and en-sured it would not be debated properly before the election.

A quirk of the calendar has by consensus and compromise:

Respecting Switzerland's deeprooted federalism, they have apportioned posts to achieve not only a delicate political balance but also religious and linguistic equilibrium between the Italian, French and German speaking re-

And they have worked together knowing they must be prepared to put their policies to Switzerland's greatest democratic tradition — the referendum. "all veto groups have to be integrated in government so that they don't use obstruction tactics," said Adrian Vatter, one of the Berne analysts.

Entry into Europe is sure to go to such a binding vote.

A proposed 19-nation European Economic Area (EEA) had

market, they would have no power or influence to shape Europe's

The two big centre-right par-ties, Radical Democrats and Christian Democrats who together hold 93 of the Lower House's 200 seats, favour closer links with Europe. But they will not say when or how, and add they want to retain Swiss autonomy.

The right-wing People's Party, with 25 seats, strongly opposes the EC route. The centre-left Social Democrats, with 42 seats, have come out most clearly in favour of the EC but are held in - political machine." check by their more left-wing grass roots.

The outgoing parliament gave the issue a wide berth earlier this month, when a less than halfempty house dispatched it back to

helped the politicians avoid the issue. A final ministerial meeting to agree the terms of the EEA when the Swiss will have to come off the fence - will take place on October 21, a day after the elec-

Newspapers have demanded more from the politicians. "The electors are ... being duped," wrote the daily Tages Anzeiger, adding that they "deserved to get clear positions not just on Europe but specifically on joining the EC." It said this pointed to "the decaying importance of the Berne

Some politicians have called for an end to the behind-closeddoors consensus of the magic formula. They want it replaced with a confrontational system where a strong opposition keeps a

government on its toes with vigorous debate. 'It's possible a smaller govern-

ment that packs more punch would be an advantage," said analyst Vatter, but added it would be bard to realise within the current constitution. Opinion polls predict no major

shift in the balance of power. although the four big parties' share of the vote may slip slightly from the 72 per cent they won

four years ago. Although 18- and 19-year-olds will be voting for the first time as will the women of rural Appenzell, the last in Europe to be granted full franchise - po

major upsets are expected. "We can face the fact that after October 20 the same (four-party) coalition will be in government as before, making Switzerland a curious case of compulsive all-party psychosis," Mr. Zimmermann



# 'Does the right of intervention bestow new legitimacy upon imperialism?'

national Law reviewing cases of

grounds commencing with the

1860 Anglo-French interventioo

in Lebanon. After surveying the

growth of commercial relations

between the intervening states

and those intervened in, the two

tioo oo humanitarian grounds

was no more than a cover for

ecocomic and political motives. It

may be noted that the concept of

intervection for humanitarian

purposes remains latent and is

only resorted to when a crisis

arises in which justifications for

the use of force are non-existent.

It was resorted to at the outset of

the seventies when India inter-

vened in what was known as East

Pakistan. The idea sprang forth

ANEW this year when the allied

powers intervened in northern

Iraq. I do not attempt to interpret

history — it is left to historians to

determine whether or not huma-

nitarian consideration really con-

stituted the prime motive behind

the said intervention, or whether

such considerations were excuses

covering other motives. Howev-

er, it is clear that intervention on

humanitarian grounds cannot he

effected against the superpowers.

For example, a reconsideration of

Stalinist policies is currently

under way in the Soviet Union.

such as transplanting entire oa-

tions from their original homes to

exile - causes which, hy current-

ly applicable standards, necessi-

Following is the address of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan at the second session of the Academy of the Kingdom of

Praise God, Lord of the Heavens and earth, Master of all inhabitants of the world, glory of Him in heaven and on earth, for He is the Mighty, the Judicious.

BAY. OCTOBB.

ma

I praise Him for what He is and pray to Him that He may bless and grant salvation to His slave and Messenger, Abul Qassem Muhammad, his family and com-

Your Sharifan Majesty, Your Royal Highnesses, Your Excellencies and Graces, Gracious Brothers,

Nearly eight hundred years ago, a celebrated Andalusian poet, namely Al 'Ama Al Tatiali, addressed the people of Sous, as communicated by Yousef Ben Tashfien, with a poem in which

Speak thou to the people of But be terse and concise

How equitable war is

Albeit prejudicious I saw fit to commence with a citation from this poem because. when scrutinised, the concept of intervention for "humanitarian" reasons, which is the pivotal of our assembly today, is in effect only-a modern expression of an old general notion, namely that of a judicious war which Al Ama Al Tatiali referred to. By virtue of this coocept, resort to force which is a facet of intervection in

nay imperative. Thus like its predecessor, this modern concept is but an endeavour to find remedy to the problem of justifying violence, since war, as said by the Arabs, is iniquitous because it holds the innocent answerable for the misdeeds of the offender.

· If we attempt to find vindication for the concept of "humanitarian" intervention, we are sure to find it io the principle by reason of which warding off a greater evil through the agency of a lesser one is oot only rendered possible, but inevitable too. At the same time, however, we

live under a system of international relations characterised by decentralisation and the absence of a body that has the right, or the faculty, to consider motives and actions objectively, and weigh these motives and actions by the

Furthermore, the said system is further characterised by its being one in which words and deeds are remotely distant, if I am permitted to adopt a verse from Tughraci. While talking about the principle of this sovereign equality of states, we, at the same time, find ourselves, in effect, facing great differences among states in military, economic and material power, no less than in scientific progress and cultural accomplishments. Thus, we would not be exaggerating wheo we say that the title of Charles de Vischer's book "Theorie et Realite co



Droit International" may well prove to be an apt one for the nistory period in which we are now passing, if only hy reason of the premise expressed in it concerning the Gulf between theory and application.

Herein arises the question confronting any person undertaking research into the concept of humanitarian intervention: granting states and parties the excuse to intervene in the affairs of other states is a matter not only beset by dangers, hut one that can hardly be devoid of miscalculation and arbitrariness in the use of "right," to say nothing of clouding covert motives by justifications that render a particular state at once both judge and adversary. Indeed, any study conducted into cases of intervention on humanitarian bases in modern times will go a long way towards

corroborating these suspicions. At tate intervention. Yet it is no there are no provisions in the few years back, two American exaggeration to say that even the Charter, as I have already researchers published an article mere notion of intervention was not discussed. in the American journal of Inter-

totervention on homanitarian saying that this so called humanitarian intervencion is hut a coocept continually used against, the weak in a selective manner and is ever heset hy perils. I have already made reference here to and occupied, and the support the principle of warding off a writers concluded that interven- greater evil through the agency of a lesser one. However, in the wake of this review. I deem it imperative to refer to yet another. concept no less authoritative and competent than the first, namely that avenues leading to inequity

must be closed. The authors of the United Nations Charter were absolutely right when they dismissed the ootioo of humanitarian intervention from the exceptions warranting resort to force, for the general precept of Article II -4 - of the U.N. Charter is clear in the han it places on the resort to force. The exceptions which the Charter incorporates, camely the right of self-defence and the coercive measures provided for in Chapter VII of the Charter, are the only exceptions to this general pre-

In considering the U.N. Charter to be a significant indicator along the path leading to an international achievement of the rule of law, and not merely an end to this path, we have to admit that it would be incumbent on us to handle cases wherein resort to violence is hased oo an ethical justification — cases for which

pointed out. These notions have manifested themselves since the We may thus conclude by time the U.N. Charter was adopted in San Francisco in 1948. They manifested themselves in two avenues: the first propounds that the struggle of peoples, whose homelands are colooised that such peoples may find, are legally justified on account of such struggle being ethically justi-fied, regardless of the clarity of the exceptions provided for in the Charter: the second maintains that intervendoo on humanita-

rian grounds is nn less legally justified on account of its being ethically justified in spite of the Charter's exceptions. Thus, we face two avenues equally bearing the same malady, namely that a noble end justifies the means avenoes which, as I have already stated, constitute an expression to a more comprehensive concept, i.e. the concept of a just war. It may be noted here that the states which adhered to the literal provisions of the Charter, in matters pertaining to the struggle of peoples, are normally those that do not adhere very faithfully in the actual provisions in matters pertaining to humanitarian intervection. This proves, beyond any shadow of doubt the truth of what a celebrated African legist. from Senegal, namely Minister Doudo Thiam, said in his third report submitted to the International Law Committee, in 1983:

Consequently, we face a difficult choice: do we adhere to the literal provisions of the U.N. Charter, with all the guarantees that such adherence bestows on small nations, and with all the clarity the legal contents import; or do we endeavour to inject into the Charter principles based on ethical foundations and justifica-

It appears to me that the smaller the world the faster the acquisition of information. Therefore, the pressure for finding justifications for humanitarian intervention will mount, thereby oecessitating the placement of the issue of humanitarian intervention in its proper framework. This is done not only through giving the issue an all-round discussion but also through discussing the notions that, together with it. contribute to the malady, thereby facilitating the arrival at guaraotees that prevent the concept of human intervencion from becoming a cover to political considerations. It becomes apparent here that entrusting an internacional legal body with the task of determining cases that warrant resort to humanitarian intervention is inevitable. Such a body must, perforce, be able to obtain information prior to the actual intervention taking place, and be in a position to monitor such intervention during its course hy way of circumveoting any deviation that may occur. Humanitarian intervention is confused at times with the concept of legitimate self-defence. In the well

known Entehbe operation, there were attempts to justify the intervention of Israel on the basis of legitimate self-defence and humanitarian intervention at one and the same time. It is imperative not only to detach the two concepts at the time of implementation, but to pay due deference to relativity between imminent danger and the degree of intervention.

These are the ideas I wished to present to you pertaining to the issue of humanitarian intervention - an issue which will be quite controversial in the years to come, and one which is expected to play a significant role in the structure of the New World Order. I feel at this juncture that must call to memory the fact that it is in the Islamic world that many of the cases of humanitariao intervention have taken place since the outset of the 19th century. It is only self-evident. therefore, that the concept of homanitarian intervention he looked at with suspicion. Be that the fact that the concept of equity, and the sacredness of human life, have always been deeply inberent in our tradicion. And although we do not share the view that noble ends justify means, we are, nevertheless, of the opinion that the solution lies not in forsaking noble ends but rather in bettering the means for achieving them

Peace be with you, and may God grant you his hlessing and

### PLO hardens its position

(Continued from page 1)

the domestic affairs of states - is

rendered ethnically justifiable,

leadership in Tunis and the leaders in the occupied territories towards the terms of Palestinian representation and Mr. Baker's request.

In an attempt to step up the press-ure on the PLO, Mr. Baker called Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini Monday to ask him to bring the list But Mr. Husseini, supported by the

Palestinian leaders in the occupied territories, and the PLO leadership in Tunis declined the request, they said.

"Initially Baker stipulated that the Palestinian personalities from the occupied territories should come to Amman to deliver the list of na said one Palestinian official who preferred to be anonymous.

- the Palestinian leaders will not come to Jordan if Baker stipulates that they should bring the names with them,"
the official said.

The PLO decision not to send names drew support form leaders in the occupied territories who held an urgent meeting in Jerusalem to dis-cuss the situation.

.:West Bank sources reached by the Jordan Times through Europe said that the Jerusalem meeting held Mouday night, adopted firm resolutions

regarding Palestinian representation in the peace conference. According to the sources, the Jeru-salem meeting reached the conclusion that there can be no compromise over either the Arab identity of Jerusalem or representation of the Holy City at the talks. The meeting also decided that the Americans should heed the

Palestinian demand for an immediate

halt to Israeli settlements as a precou-

dition to Palestinian participation in

the peace conference.

---

decided to accept Mr. Baker's condition that four Palestinian leaders come to Amman, provided they worked in complete coordination with the PLO delegation which was

already present in Amman.
"The participants decided that the delegation to Amman should work to a way to protect the PLO's role even if that meant going toto meeting with the Jordanian government as part of the PLO delegion," said one source contacted by the Jordan Times. This decision was made with the full awareness that the leaders might face

imprisonment to Istuel," the source Palestinian officials and sources close to the Palestinian leaders, who an on Tuesday, said that ablic opinion in the occupied terri-

against any compromises over Jeru-"Nn Palestinian can go to the negotiating table if East Jerusalem is sacrified," said a Palestinian source

close to the PLO leadership. In comments to the press, Hanan Ashrawi, nne of the Palestinian leaders who were received by His Majesty King Hussein and Prime Minister Taher Masri on Tuesday, made it clear that the snags remained unre-

"The main issue is the issue.. of Palestinian rights to choose our own representatives and our own participation and our own manner of participation without any veto or coercion," Dr. Ashrawi said after

meeting Mr. Masri. "Therefore the question of Jeru-salem and the freedom of choice is still the essential question;" said the

university professor. Dr. Ashrawi said the U.S. was not concerned with justice and equality

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urgent need to arrive at a clear, strong and united Arab stand prior to ing the peace conference.

"We are not here to conclude any agreements or arrangements, and the PLO is the only party to speak on behalf of the Palestinians and to conclude any agreements." Dr. Ashrawi said.

regarding the Jerusalem status as well as halting Jewish settlements in the and fell short of Palestinian de-

# PLO team

Jordan's positioo vis-a-vis the

Palestinian cause.

The speech made hy His Majesty King Hussein to the Jordanian National Congress on Saturday was a "historie document, characterised by frankness and clarity," Brig. Khatih was quoted as saying in the PLA's Al Karameh magazine. The PLA commander voiced

support for the Kiog's position and said that the "currect cir-cumstances have imposed new realities which we cannot

"Our struggle throughout the past era did not yield anything positive to the Palestinian cause," he was quoted as saying. "Moreover, our failure to deal properly with all international resolutions has caused us to lose a lot," he said.

Brig. Khatib emphasised the oced to cohance Jordaoiao-Palestinian relations.

# FBI investigating wide range of financial fraud schemes

By James Vicini Reuter

WASHINGTON - From telephone salesmen poshing worthless products to illegal use of credit cards and bank accounts, the FBI is investigating a wide range of frauduleot financial schemes that rake in millions of dollars each year. . ....

"There are a oumber of ways to get burned out there," said Charles Owens, chief of the FBI's Economic Crimes Umt. "It involves a substantial amount of money.

Investigation of the various scams gets far less publicity than high-profile FBI criminal investigations such as that into the Bank of Credit and Commerce International, called the biggest financial fraud in history, or the government securities scandal involving Salomon Brothers invest-

But Mr. Owens said the workday financial fraud schemes have a much greater impact oo indi-vidual consumers, many of whom lose thousands of dollars.

He said high-pressure tele-phone salesman — known as "boiler-room operators" - often target the elderly with franculent schemes promising lucrative returns on investments:

Most such schemes are designed to resemble legitimate

business transactions, making it harder to detect wrongdoing. The typical operator of a boiler-room or telemarketing firm uses multiple aliases, telephones, mail drops and business loca-

tions," Mr. Owens said. "In this type of fraud, consumers are geogrally entired to purchase land, penny stocks, commodities, precious metals and stones, franchises, oil and gras leases and various other pro-

After payment through cheque or a wire transfer from the person's bank account, the purchase proves to be worthless.

Charles Shepherd, of the FBPs Las Vegas office, told a congressional bearing that victims of the schemes even include business He cited the case of an uniden-

tified senior vice president of a major marketing firm who sank \$180,000 into a mining scam after receiving an investment book with fake reports.
"He reviewed the book once

and since it was thick and since he did oot have time to check the book out, his instinct told him the purchase," Mr. Shepherd said. Mr. Owens said a common

fraud iovolves advaoce-fee For instance, a firm promises to consolidate the dehts of a

person with credit problems, but

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requires payment of several hundred dollars to process the loan application and secore the money. The advance is paid but the loan never comes through. Even religious firms have been charged with these schemes.

"Criminal law is steeped in sub-

Jay Stephens, U.S. attorney for the Washington, D.C. area, sned a business called "our father's coogregation" recently for allegedly soliciting millions of dollars through false promises of interest-free loans and high-yield investments.

According to the lawsuit, mailings by the firm, operating under the guise of a Christian church, offered consumers "usury-free loans" that required they first pay \$300 for "character insurance" and a "collateral deposit" of five or 10 per cent of the loan amount. No money existed to fund the

loans, the lawsuit charged. The FBI's Mr. Owens said the latest scam is to get consumers to disclose their credit card or cheque account oumbers to pay for promised products and then clean out the account.

For example, a postcard announces a persoo has won a new car and should call a toll-free oumber to claim the prize.

The "winner" must then pay \$400 in shipping charges, but the con artist says the firm can just debit the victim's cheque account if it can have the account oumber.

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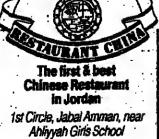
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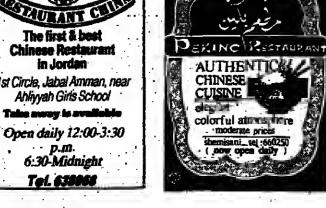
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# Welsh can make history in clash with Germans

NUREMBERG, Germany (R) - Wales can make history, big frouble for their hosts and win new friends at home Wednesday if they avoid deleat against world champions Germany in their vital European Championship quali-

It is a very big iI, but the Welsh, one of soccer's smallest nations, are not afraid of their mighty opponents.

They have a three-point lead in Group 5 and need just one point to be almost certain of qualifying for the finals of a major competition for the first time in 34 years.

They also have three of the best forwards in Europe in Manchester United's Mark Hughes and Liverpool's Ian Rush and Dean Saunders and a top goalkeeper in Neville Southall.

Welsh soccer in Nuremberg would prevent Germany reaching the finals of a world or European Championship for only the second time and would raise serious questions about the Gerfuture after last year's World Cup triumph in Italy.

In Wales, a positive result would raise morale, helping to deflect attention away from the struggling Welsh team's humiliating exit from the Rugby Union World Cup last week.

After beating Germany 1-0 in Cardiff in June, manager Terry Yorath has high hopes despite injuries to key players.

"We have nothing to fear againt the Germans because we have the strongest Welsh team for a long time," Yorath said. "I'll be delighted if we come away with a draw. If we win, we won't need the plane to fly

II they take a point, Wales will only need to win their final home game against a weak Luxembourg next month to be sure of reaching next year's finals in

Sweden Germany, however, must win Vednesday as well as away in Lelgium and at home to Luxembourg to stay in contention.

Wales go into the clash without Norwich full back Dave Phillips and Bristol City centre back Mark Aizlewood. Phillips has injured his ankle while Aizlewood has a knee problem.

German coach Berti Vogts, who names his line-up just before the kiekoff, has left out former East German midfielder Matthias Sammar who recently returned after a call strain.

But the German squad has been boosted by the rapid return to fitness of striker Karlheinz Riedle who was expected to miss the match after straining knee

ligaments last week. Vogts said Monday that failure to reach next year's European Championship finals would not pions as their main priority was the 1994 World Cup.

"The pressure is great. But when I started this job I said it was an important stop on the way (to the 1994 World Cup) - no more, no less," said Vogts, who took over from Franz Beckenbauer after last year's World Cup triumph in Italy.

Our goal is to defend the title in the United States."

Leading German soccer officials have said Vogt's position is safe whatever happens in the

qualifying group.
Said Vogts: "As long as I have fun and have the energy, I am happy to carry on. But I don't have to do this. I can live without

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Both vulnerable. North deals.

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NORTH

SOUTH

Pass 6 + Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Five of + 6 💠

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♣ A K J 9 2

South

2 •

When John Lucas isn't playing bridge at the San Francisco Bridge

Club, he is behind the wheel of a hig

rig driving cross-country and think-ing of how he might be able to stick

it to one of the experts the next time he's at the club. Recently, his wish

North had a difficult rehid to

make at his first turn, and chose the

expert bid of two diamonds. It might

have been better for North to bid two no trump over South's spade cue-bid because, after clubs were

WEST

+ Q 10

North 1

football. Despite the Germans' I-0 defeat by Wales in Cardiff in June. team would win Wednesday.

"We are just going to aim for a win and let the figures look after

themselves. After nearly 20 years

in this game I know it is the only

attitude you can take," he said.

27 games but England top the

group and must still play in Po-

If England beat Turkey

Wednesday, a draw in Poland on

Nov. 13 could be enough for

For Ireland, who arrived with-

out injured striker Niall Quinn, a

draw here would ensure the Poles

stayed keen to beat England, a

result that could then put the

be midfielder Roman Kosecki,

who plays for top Turkish club

Yugoslavs lack motivation

LANDSKRONA, Sweden (R) — Yugoslav coach Ivica Osim is

struggling to motivate his players

for Wednesday's European

Championship qualifier against the Faroe Islands and turn their

attention away from the troubles

match is difficult for us," Osim

said Tuesday. "We have to find a

way to motivate our players and

it's not easy under the circumst-

Yugoslavia are severly

weakened by injuries and the loss

of several Croatian and Slovenian

players because of civil strife, but

should still come close to repeat-

ing their 7-0 home win in May.

Osim has lost two key players to injury, striker Darko Pancev

"In these difficult times every

Strejlau's secret weapon could

them to reach the finals.

land next month.

Irish through.

Galatasaray.

at home.

Ireland have lost only once in

"We are better than the Weish in all positions and play at a different year when he have had to learn to live with the title (of world champions)."

Scotland relies on team spirit

BUCHAREST (R) - Scotland, ravaged by injuries to key players, are hoping Wednesday that would virtually assure a place in the European Championship fin-

"We have had to come to Bucharest without several important players but the team spirit is as strong as ever," said defender Tom Boyd." But adversity often brings out the best in Scots."

Boyd, who launched his international career as a substitute against Romania in Scotland's 2-1 victory in their opening qualifying game last September, is anxious to play a leading role again. "I was there when we started

### European soccer

this thing and I want to be there when we finish it off by capturing a place in the finals," said the Cheisea player.

Scotland will be without Steve Nicol, Murdo MacLeod and strikers Mo Johnston and Ally McCoist because of injury.

But manager Andy Roxburgh was relieved to have Leeds United's influential midfielder Gordon Strachan fit.

Strachan, 34, has recovered from a hamstring injury and links up again with former captain Roy Aitken, recalled to the side for his 57th appearance.

"I'm delighted to have Gor-don. He played in a practice game Saturday and came through unscathed. His experience and background will be invaluable,"

said Roxburgh. Scotland trail Group 2 leaders Switzerland by one point with a game in hand, and are home to minnows San Marino in their final game. Switzerland travel to Romania next month for their last match.

Romania, five points behind the Swiss but with two games in hand, will be without three injnred key loreign-based forwards, Gavrila Balint, Iosif Rotarin and Ovidiu Saban.

### Poland needs to win

POZNAN, Poland (R) - Polish coach Andrzej Strejlan has given his players a history lesson ahead of their European Championship qualifier with Ireland Wednes-

The Irish, meanwhile, are in a quandary.

Streilau, who has called up 10 expatriate players for the Group 7 tie, has told them they must win to have a chance of qualifying lor the European finals for the first

"We must win. We are all aware there is a historic chance and we have to fight, attack and score," he said.

Ireland manager Jack Charlton knows his team will also be out if they lose but is unsure whether to tell the players to go all out for a win or aim for a strategie draw.

"We will surely not lose," he said on arrival. "But iI we beat Poland they are out oI the competition and they would have no incentive to go for victory against England apart from pride - and I don't know if that would be

enough. Veteran defender David O'Le-Vogts said he was confident his ary had no doubts, however.

raised, the last thing South expected was to find partner with an abso-lutely flat band. Still, Lucas' deci-sion to leap to six clubs was rather

West led the five of spades, an Lucas made short work of the hand.
After winning the ace of spades he
cashed the kins of clubs, noting the
fall of West's ten. There was little

hope for the contract if clubs were

indeed 4-1, so declarer continued with the ace of clubs, felling her

majesty. To set the stage, declarer ran his

remaining trumps, discarding a spade and a diamond from dummy. Sitting East was a many-time na-tional champion who could see the

endplay looming, and his first dis-card was the eight of diamonds then

a spade, retaining the deuce in hand. When declarer now cashed four

heart winners, reducing all hands to three cards, East continued to con-

Dummy was down to the acc-queen of diamonds and a spade, and East held K 2 of spades and the king

of diamonds. Had declarer now tried

to endplay East with a spade, the defender would have cashed the

deuce of spades for a one-trick set.

But reading the hand perfectly, de-clarer played the ace of diamonds to fell the king, and the queen was the fulfilling trick.

ceal the spade deuce.

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

RIDING OVER THE OPPOSITION

### MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

# Pirates lead 3-2 against Braves

ATLANTA (R) — The Pittsburgh Pirates won a tense 1-0 victory over the Atlanta Braves on Monday to head home needing just one more victory in two games to reach the World Series of Major League Baseball.

Pirates' starting pitcher Zane Smith outduelled fellow left-hander Tom Glavine, a 20game winner during the regular season but now the loser in Games One and Five, to give Pittsburgh a three-games-to-two lead in the best-of-seven National League Championship

Jose Lind's looping single to right-centre field in the fifth inning scored the only run of the game, bringing home Steve Buechele, who had walked and reached second on Don Slaught's

A loser in his three previous playoff appearances. Smith went 7-2/3 innings allowing seven

hits and no runs, walking one and striking out five. At one point he retired nine successive batters until Terry Pendleton tripled with two out m the eighth.

Roger Mason relieved Smith after Pendleton's triple and retired Ron Gant. He then pitched the ninth for the save, stranding the potential tying run at third to end the game.

Glavine went eight innings allowing six hits and one run, fanning seven and walking three including two intentional passes issued to Bobby Bonilla in order to face, and stymie, struggling Pittsburgh slugger Barry Bonds. Alejandro Pena pitched a scoreless minth for Atlanta.

The Pirates need one more win to advance to the World Series against the American League Champion Minnesota Twins. Pittsburgh ace Dong Drabek opposes Steve Avery in Game Six on Wednesday night.

### Twins anxious for World Series challenge

MINNEAPOLIS (AP) — Kent Hrbek's fingers

are getting itchy for another ring. "I've got nine more places to put rings on my fingers," Hrbek said after Minnesota won its

second pennant in five years.
"The Twins have five days off before the World Series against Atlanta or Pittsburgh. They finished off Toronto in five games and excuse them if they gloat a little.

"In 1987 it was definitely a great victory for us, but we weren't picked any place this year,"

Hrbek said. "We've gone from worst to first and
we're still going. We've got one more mission to accomplish.

First, a little rest and relaxation. Forget baseball season for a few days. It's pleasant season. "I'm going to do a little hunting and fishing." Hrbek said. "I'm sure we'll get a couple of days off and have a few workonts."

Hrbek already knows the team he wants to play next Saturday night in the Metrodome in Game I. "I'd like to play the Braves," he said. "I think

all of baseball would like to see that competi-Minnesota manager Tom Kelly said the choice

and Dragan Stojkovie, who strained a hamstring in a 6-1 warm-up win against first division doesn't matter to him. "We've been sconting both teams and we'll go over the reports during clnb Zelieznicar Sarajevo Saturthe week," he said.

First, Kelly has to devise a plan to keep the Twins sharp with so much time on their hands. No doubt they'll be watching a little TV to see

how the other league is doing.

"I donn't think that will be a problem," said Kirby Puckett, the playoff MVP with nine hits. "I arrived in spring training two weeks early and it's been a long season. I'll spend some time with my family.

For Kelly and pitching coach Dick Such, it will be a chance to get the rotation set. That shouldn't be much of a problem, either.

Look for Jack, Morris to start the first game of the series followed by Kevin Tapani and 20-game winner Scott Erickson.

Morris, 36, pitched with a sore throat and upper respiratory infection and still won two games against Toronto. A few days off will help the right-hander recover.

In 1984, Morris was a member of the World Series champion Detroit Tigers. Now he has a chance to add another ring in his first season with

"I really never expected this," said Morris. "I didn't think this was a last-place team, but I can't stand here and say I thought we would end up in the World Series. This is the best. This is what we

### **SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF**

### S. Korea tops archery tournament

MANILA (AP) - South Korea swept the six gold medals in the men's division and won four of six in the women's competition in the 7th Asian Cup Archery Tournament, which ended Tuesday. Han Seung-Hoon led South Korea's assault in the men's division by winning three gold medals — for individual total and the 70-and 50-metre events. Another South Korean, Shim Young-Sung, won the gold at 90 metres, setting an Asian Cup record of 622 points. Pang Jae-Pyo, also of South Korea, won the 30-metre event. South Korean Lee Jang-Hi ruled the women's division, winning golds for individual total and the 30- and 50-metre events. The only golds that eluded the South Koreans were won by Wang Yashuang of China, at 70 metres, and Yang Hui-Ju ol Taiwan, at

### Sydney hopes to impress OIC delegates

SYDNEY (AP) - Olympic candidate Sydney will be hoping to impress 21 voting members of the International Olympic Committee (OIC) when it plays bost to the 25th congress of the General Assembly of International Sports Federations this week. More than 300 delegates from 75 Olympic and non-Olympic sports will meet starting Wednesday to discuss topics including criteria for the selection of host cities for the Olympic Games. As the delegates discuss possible changes in the selection criteria, Sydney has an opportunity to impress the voting members of the IOC as well as the delegates from the Olympic sports who determine whether facilities are up to Olympic standards. Australia's most populous city is one of the candidates seeking to stage the Olympic Games in the year 2000. Sydney's main rival include Peking, Berlin, Buenos Aires, and Manchester, England. "Sydncy's bid seems excellent, although I haven't had time to see the different vennes," IOC delegate Prince Albert of Monaco said

### French navigator Tarin dies of burns

PARIS (R) - Frenchman Christian Tarin, severly burned in an accident during the Pharaohs' Rally in Egypt Saturday, died of his injuries in a hospital near Paris early on Tuesday, hospital officials said. Tarin, regular navigator for Jacky Ickx, was trapped in the Belgian driver's Citroen when it overturned and burst into flames. He suffered second and third degree burns to more than 80 per cent of his body. The Frenchman was flown Sunday to Paris for treatment at a special burns unit. The 40-year-old Tarin, who competed in the Paris-Dakar Rally four times, was married recently and his wife is expecting a baby next month. Ickx and Tarin had a lucky escape during this year's Paris-Dakar when they got out of their Citroen just before it burst into flames.

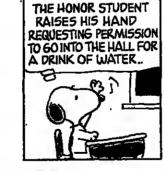
### Mitterrand honours soccer president

PARIS (AP) - Joao Havelange, president of the ruling body of world soccer, was inducted into France's Legion of Honour by President Francois Mitterrand. Mr. Mitterrand, in a ceremony at the presidential palace, praised the 75-year-old Brazilian as "one ol the great figures of today's sporting world." Mr. Mitterrand noted that Mr. Havelange, who was headed FIFA for two decades, also was a world-class swimmer and a water polo player who competed for Brazil in the 1936 Olympics.

### Connors pulls out of Lyon tournament

LYON (R) — Jimmy Connors has withdrawn from this week's Lyon Tennis Tournament because of a neck injury, the organiser said. "His suitacases were ready but he burt his neck and his doctor advised him no to go," organiser Gilles Moretton said. "It's a pity because the crowds love him." Connors, still going strong at 39, reached the semifinals of the U.S. Open in

### **Peanuts**









## **Andy Capp**







### **Mutt'n'Jeff**



### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1991

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation 22) Whatever you would like to do GENERAL TENDENCIES: A

number of delays that are in effect today can prove most annoying unless you are clever enough to find ways to get around them that now so get busy. will bring you emotional and material success.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You find that you can contact on who is very experienced in a line of expression that interests you and get him to give you the advantage of his expert knowledge.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) This is your day to think out what you can do to be beloful to friends or acquaintances who operate in accord with you in a personal project.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Whatever you have in mind that does require some additional knowledge of your special vocational outlets is good so get some

MOON CRILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Look to those who have your interest at heart and get them to give you some modern and up to date suggestions how to deepen your character.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) There are a number of obligations to which you are committed that require that you spend more time working on them and are more particular concerning them.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) This is that moment for you to seek out the best of a partner who has the know-how to show you what can do do to be much more productive in a joint ventur

LIBRA: (September 23 to October

that does mean you are filled with the best methods for doing your assignments is just great for you

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) Make a special point now to be with those charmers who really send you and have the pleasure and the enjoyment that brings

you and them closer. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You certainly need to think out what your family expects of you and to bend your efforts in such directions instead of being self-absorbed.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Whatever you would like to do that means getting out and making visits or engaging in phone calls or doing errands is fine,

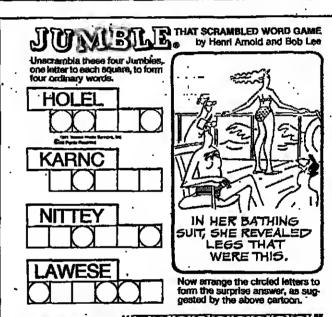
AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You need to concentrate more upon the imancial aspects of your life if you are to have the abundance to spare that does mean so much to you.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Your own personal problems are at the fore now and its up to you to solve them rightly now that you have such a good time to do so with the accent on you.

Today's child: If your child were, born today she or he needs a lot of attention that will be well re-warded to the givers in later life for this progeny never forgets a kindness and always repays many times the original favour. This person always uncovers the true situation in any circumstance.



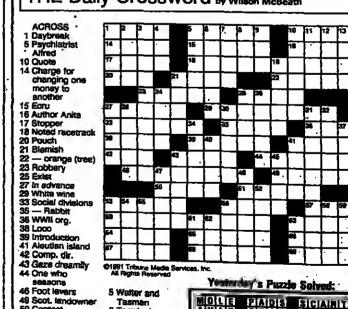
might be contagious!"



Answer here: "

Jumbles: SHEEP TRIPE HARDLY ANSWER Answer: She fell in love with the pastry chef, only to have him do this—"DESSERT" HER

THE Daily Crossword by Wilson McBearth



6 Terminals should not 8 Concett 10 Not so far 11 Dubuque's sta 12 Chin. society 13 Being: Lat. 21 — one's time 24 Devours 63 Bangkok native 64 Cartoonist Peter

51 "Is there

56 Ella's singing

. style 57 Liq. mess.

60 Chaucar's

65 — Sample McPherson

66 Steak order 67 Othello e.g. 68 Merchandise

69 Prayer word

DOWN

1 Pats lightly 2 Weter: Sp. 3 Musical

Tales"

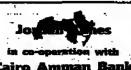
25 Temptation 26 Entries bane 28 Visit frequently 30 "To a rag 31 Robin Hood's

anvironment 32 Chemical compound 34 Eng. potter 37 Voiceless 40 Bakery product

41 Winglike 43 Actress Adams 45 Thanks —I 47 Redector 48 Divine 52 Isaac of song

55 — Domini 56 Wrestling type 58 Swiss river 59 Lagai right 61 Joplin Stocker

Financial





Сыттенсу	NEWYORK CLOSE	TORNO CLOSE
34	Dete:14/10/91	Date 15/10/91
Sterling Pound®	1.7135	1.7083
Deutsche Mark	1.7017	1.7063
Swiss Franc	1.4865	1.4905
French Franc	5.7760	5.8142**
Japanese Yen	129.40	129.83
European Correny Unit	1.2107**	1.2007

Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTRS
U.S. Dodar	5.18	5.31	5.31	5.50
Sterling Pound	10.50	10.25 .	10.12	10.12
Deutsche Mark	9.12	9.31	9.25	9.31
Swins Franc	8.00	8.18	8.18	8.06
French Franc	9.12	9.25	9.31	9.34
Japanese Yen	5.71	6.56	6.18	5.93
European Currency Unit	9.62	9.68	9.75	9.81

Date:15/10/91

15/10/91

USD/Oz JD/Gm USD/Oz JD/Gm<sup>\*</sup> Metal

7.05

Carrency .	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	.687	.689
Sterling Pound	1.1742	1.1801
Deutsche Mark	.4029	.4049
Swiss Franc	.4611	.4634
French Franc	-7182	:1188
Japanese Yen*	.5292	.5318
Dutch Guilder	.3575	.3593
Swedish Krona	.1106	· .1112
Italian Lira	.0539	.0542
Belgian Franc	.01964 .	.01974

Other Currencies	D	Date: 15/10/91		
Currency	Bid	Offer		
Bahraini Dinar	1.7930	1.8010		
Lebanese Lira	.0774	.0778		
Sandi Riyal	. 1829	.1835		
Kuwaiti Dinar	-	1.		
Qatari Riyai	.1863	. 1870 -		
Egyptian Pound	-2050	.2180		
Omani Riyal	1.7590			
UAE Dirham	-1863	.1870		
Greek Drachma*	.3615	-3715		
Cypriot Pound	1.4500	1.4700		

Index	13/10/91	Close	14/10/91	. Clase
All-Share	121.86		122.07	
Banking Sector	102.77		102.70	
Insurance Sector	124.81		125.15	,
Industry Sector	150.70		151.29	
Services Sector	131.03	•	130.37	

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.7085/95 1.1293/98 1.7060/67 1.9230/40 1.4903/10 35.10/15 5,8150/8200 1275/1276 6.2150/2200 6.6800/50

129.90/130.00 One ounce of gold 358.50/359.00

6.5730/80

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs -Italian lire Japanese ven Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns

Tel: 677420

Tel: 675571

U.S. dollars

BANGKOK (R) — Capitalism's fear this could spur inflation. premier annual event opened in Bangkok Tuesday with Japan implicitly telling the United States bnw to rnn its affairs and Washington telling the World Bank and International Monetary

Fund (BMF) how to run theirs. Bank of Japan Governor Yasushi Mieno endorsed the IMF's call for increased savings in the industrialised world to belp meet the demands of Middle East reconstruction and the emergence of the Soviet Union and eastern Europe as market econo-

"First and foremost, we urge that countries with budget deficits, especially some of the major industrial countries, make every effort to cut their deficits, as this is one policy that can be adopted by governments indi-vidually," Mr. Mieno told the opening-day session of the World Bank-IMF annual meeting.

Canada, Italy and especially the United States have been under increasing pressure from rich allies to bring their expendi-ture more in line with their re-

Mr. Mieno said the economies of major industrial nations were generally expanding.

To solidify this trend, be said. major nations should adopt fiscal and monetary policies that provide the basis for sustained, noninflationary economic growth.

Spanish Finance Minister Carlos Solchaga and Finnish central

To respond to those needs, the IMF and World Bank must debank governor Rolf Kullberg velop a partnership with the prihave both voiced concern over the past few days at how fast U.S. vate sector to elicit its expertise in helping countries build the foundinterest rates have fallen. They ations of market economies, Mr.

lection systems.

Japan cautions other rich

nations on budget deficits

Mr. Brady told the Wnrld

the transition to capitalism.

ate adjustment programmes with

central governments will not be enough," he said. "In the Soviet Union and east-

ern Europe, we are confronted

with the most radical economic

change in the post-war period,"

Mr. Brady said. "They... need

more fundamental assistance that

goes well beyond standard (eco-

nnmic) adjustment program-

He ticked off a list of what is

required, from changing attitudes

toward the creation of wealth to

building basic private and govern-

ment economic institutions, and

from basic training on how to run

profitable companies to practical

dvice on tax codes and tax col-

"And last but not least, they

need assistance on how to estab-

lish a workable legal system for

private enterprise," he said.

The sister world financial in-U.S. Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady devoted most of stitutions will have to put people his speech to the problems faced in countries for extended periods by the Soviet Union, an Amerof time, he said. They will have to ican preoccupation during days of draw on experts from national preliminary meetings in the Thai governments, business, banking, law and universities.

The fund and the bank will Bank and the IMF they would also have to expand in-country need to develop "new modes of contacts to all levels of governoperation" to held the Soviet ment," Mr. Brady said. "This Union and eastern Europe make assistance cannot be provided by dealing with central governments "Brief mission visits to oegoti-

> None of this will be possible if there is no capital to invest there. IMF Managing Director Michel Camdessus said this money could be found if industrial nations slashed their budget deficits and all countries redoubled their efforts to cut unproductive spending, especially military outlays and agriculture subsidies.

> The IMF has estimated that the extra demands for cash for the Gulf, eastern Europe and the Soviet Union could run to the order of \$100 billion per year. That can be financed unly if major nations follow through on their promises to cut budget de-

> "In the years ahead, competition for capital and for goods and services will be intense and will place great pressure on develop-ing countries," new World Bank President Lewis Preston told the annual meeting.

Both he and Mr. Camdessus urged the industrialised world to do more for the world's poorest nations, "This is essential," Mr.

### Albania joins World Bank, IMF

BANGKOK, Thailand (AP) Albania, the poorest country in Europe, took another step out of decades of self-imposed isolation Tuesday by decoming the 156th member of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank.

The communist nation's membership was ratified by the board of governors of the sister institutions at the opening session of their annual meeting, said bank spokesman Peter Riddleberger.

Albania asked to join the two institutions in January, and the government that came to power in June pushed to speed the process, said Depoty Prime Minister Gramoz Pashko, head of his country's delegation to the

The bank and IMF required Albania to disclose its financial status and begin switching from a centrally planned to a market

Mr. Pashko said Tuesday that a package of measures to convert the economy has been submitted to parliament "but we need IMF support for our balance of payments problems and World Bank

support for structural problems." In 1989, the last year for which figures are available, Albania had a per capita income of \$930. Its gross national product was \$2.8 billion.

The World Bank provides loans to promote development in poorer countries, while the IMF helps governments in financial straits and promotes global monetary cooperation.

# **Briton** wins Nobel economic science prize

STOCKHOLM, Sweden (AP) — Ronald Coase was awarded the Nobel memorial prize in economic science Tuesday for expanding economic theory to take into account property rights and transaction costs

The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences said Dr. Coase's theories "are among the most dynamic forces behind research in economic science and jurisprudence today."

Dr. Coase's theories have been used in legal science, economic history and organisation theory. Dr. Coase, g1, was born in Middlesex, England, and is a professor emeritus at the University of Chicago law school.

He was on vacation in southern France and had not been notified he was the winner of the \$1 million prize, said Carl-Olof Jacobson, secretary general of the academy. "The world knows before him." said Mr. Jacobson.

Dr. Coase started in the 1930s developing his explanations about bow things like contract terms, laws, transaction costs, and property rights determine the success of an economic enter-

Until recently, the academy said, many of those concepts were accepted as givens and not

"With simple means he explained wby different kinds of contracts exist and how they work and why laws are written the way they are and what they lead to, said Assar Lindbeck, a member of the awards committee.

'He worked for decades alone. before his colleagues started to appreciate his theory," said Mr. Jacobson.

"One conclusion of Coase's work is that when rights are not well-defined we do not get an effective use of resources," said Karl-Goran Maler, a member of the prize committee. As an example, Mr. Maler said environmental and natural resources which are mismanaged because rights to

their use are not spelled out. The deficition of property rights, and the way they are distributed among individuals by

law, contract and regulations, determine how economic decisions are made and whether they will succeed, said the academy. The academy said that Dr. Coase, who made his break-through in the 1970s and 1980s, "showed that traditional, basic microeconomic theory was in-

complete because it only included

production and transport costs."

but neglected the costs of enter-

ing into and executing contracts and managing organisations. Such costs are commoly known as transaction costs and they account for a considerable share of the total use of resources

in the economy, the academy "By incorporating different types of transaction costs, Dr. Coase paved the way for a systematic analysis of institutions in the eco-

nomic system," the academy Dr. Coase's works on the importance of property rights "has given birth to a completely new scientific branch, where we have leading legal experts and leading economists who work (from the basis of) understanding the legal apparatus," said Mr. Maler. He said Dr. Coase's work also

company organisations evolve. Dr. Coase's two major studies are "The Nature Of The Firm." in which he introduced the term, 'transaction cost," and illustrated their crucial importance and "The Problem Of Social Costs," in which he discussed

deepened understanding of how

property rights. Americans have dominated the economics prize since it was established in 1968 by the Bank of Sweden as a memorial to Alfred Nobel, the Swedish industrialist and inventor who endowed the other five prizes which bear his name.

## Prominent U.S. economist warns of inevitable end of aid to Israel government should indicate its that Israel's U.S. supporters ter, not contained initially in a

eventually be forced to wean itself from American aid, and must reinvigorate its economy in order to prepare for this, a prominent economist and State Department consultant warned this

"Israel cannot count on a permanent and unconditional flow of aid from the U.S. or any other foreign government," said Herbert Stein, a former chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advisers, corrently State Department consultant on the Israeli coonomy... Mr. Stein, in a Sunday address

to a State of Israel Bonds leadership conference, said this does not necessarily mean that "the U.S. government has become hostile or eveo unsympathetic to Israel." He said there is still considerable support for aid to Israel in the U.S. government, but that it had to be recognised that the situation is rapidly chang-

Though he advocated the granting of the \$10 billion in loan guarantees Israel has requested, he said that "after the immigration emergency is over, the U.S.

1.87 per cent to 24,307.65.

Index closed 2.2 points up at 2,576.7.

When Harry

orderly phase-out of U.S. government economic aid to Israel." An end tn U.S. support, be

said, should not be viewed in a completely negative light. "We should remember that for a long time Israel has been the largest recipient of U.S. direct aid," and that "for a long time the standard view was that the aid would be phased out." Recent developments that have

intensified what Mr. Stein termed a "reconsideration of the permanence" of U.S. aid to Israel include the end of the Cold War and Israel's value "as a Western island in a sea of Soviet satellites;" the tightening U.S. eco- years. nomy; and the perception that "Israel is no longer a poor pioneer country and that it is not being vigorous in reforming its own economic policies."

Offering a tough and detailed critique of Israel's economic problems, Stein called for a "new comprehensive economic reform programme" to stimulate investment and inspire new confidence. He called on Israel Bonds to lobby for such a package, saying

Tel: 634144

**WORLD STOCK MARKETS** 

TOKYO — Futures-linked buy programmes helped lift prices but the start of restrictions on the big four brokerages depressed turnover and checked gains. The Nikkei was up 446.98 points or

FRANKFURT - Monday's sharp rise in Wall Street share prices

and the hope U.S. stocks might rise again led German shares 0.9 per cent higher. The Dax Index ended 14 points higher at 1,585.04, off its day's high of 1,590.43.

PARIS — A second day of gains on Wall Street bolstered the bourse where sentiment was encouraged by good news on inflation. The CAC-40 Index shot up 23.51 points to finish at

LONDON — Stocks recouped early losses over disappointing U.K. economic figures and finished slightly higher. The FTSE 100

NEW YORK — Blue Chips recovered from modest losses in choppy late-morning trade. The Dow was up about eight points at 3,028 at 1530 GMT. It had earlier slipped nine.

PHILADELPHIA

agreement with the idea of an should use their influence to convince the Israeli government to undertake "radical economic reforms."

Such reforms "must convince people that Israel's economy is undergoing basic change" and "should be announced to the Israeli people by the prime minis-

letter to the U.S. secretary of The comment was a clear critic-

ism of the promises of economic reform contained in the letter to Secretary of State James Baker when Israel made its request for the loan guarantees - Jerusalem

# "We want to be around the

LONDON (AP) — The BBC Monday took on CNN with a television news and information channel which is initially being beamed to Asia and which it plans to expand globally in two

"We think it's time for another player," Hugh Williams, the channel's director of programming, told a news conference." We do see CNN as a rival. We think there is room for both."

The joint venture with a Hong Kong company called Hutchvision began broadcasting two hours a day Monday and will go around the clock io mid-November, the BBC said.

To compete with the longer established Cables News Network (CNN) British Broadcasting Corp. (BBC) is counting on its worldwide reputation for produc-ing high quality news program-

mes. That reputation is based on its highly respected world service radio broadcasts.

John Tusa, managing director the launch: "We're used to painting a total picture of the world."

The BBC World Service television channel will be a commercial channel free to viewers. This means the BBC will profit directly from ad revenue for the first time, although its programmes have appeared on commerical network before, company officials said.

The BBC's two domestic television channels are supported by the state and annual fees paid by

The channel, launched by Princess Anne, initially is capable of reaching 38 Asian countries. home to 2.7 billion people, the BBC said.

globe by 1993, Mr. Williams said. The channel offers specially tailored BBC news and informaof the BBC World Service, said at tion programmes, some of its regular current affairs and information programmes, and En-

glish language lessons. At first the service will be in English only, but simultaneous translations are planned in other languages. Mandarin and Cantonese are on the top of the list. The service will be provided via satellite dishes, terrestrial broad-

casts, cable networks and redistribution systems. Profits of the 10-year venture will be shared, with the BBC keeping editorial control and Hntebvision responsible for

company controlled by Hoog Kong businessman Li Ka-Shing and his family. Mr. Williams declined to spe-cify the terms of the agreement with Hntchvision, although he

Hotchvision is a 50-50 venture

between the Asian conglomerate

Hutchinson Whampoa Ltd. and a

stressed that BBC's costs were. covered by the contract. He also declined to discuss how ad sales were going, although he said they were short of the bourly maximum of 10 minutes of ads. Hutchvision's STAR TV, or

Satellite Television Asia Region, already has launched sport and music channels through cooperative ventures with the U.S. sports Network Prime Network International, and MTV.

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Shows: delly 8:30 p.m.

2. Children play

**World Gone Wild** 

ow: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Nabii Al Mashini Theatre

**Met Sally** Show: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 12:30 p.m. Tel: 625155 RAINBOW Tom Selleck in HER ALIBI show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

# **Bosnia declares sovereignty** in fresh blow to Yugoslavia

BELGRADE (R) — The volatile Yugoslav Republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina declared itself a sovereign state in a decisive step towards independence Tuesday and fighting raged in Croatia. increasing fears of an all-out civil

Muslim and Croatian members of the Bosnian parliament in Sarajevo, in a controversial vote after a stormy debate, adopted documents that could pave the way for the central republic to try to secede from the Yugoslav Federation.

Serbian deputies, representing the third main nationality in the enthnically-divided republic which borders both Serbia and Croatia, stormed out of the session before the vote and declared the decision illegal.

"There is no place for us in Yugoslavia," Bosnia's Muslim President Alija Izetbegovie told the parliament as the Democratic Action Party proposed the inde-

pendence moves.
The votes — which diplomats said fell short of a full declaration of independence - pushed Bosnia down a secessionist road already taken by the republics of Slovenia and Croatia.

With federal authority shat- the "future of the Yugoslav com- nationality and most powerful retered by 16 weeks of fighting in Croatia, the country of 23.5 miltion appears to be hurtling fast towards a bloody collapse.

More than 1,000 people have been killed since June in fighting over Croatia's independence moves. Croatian Radio reported fresh fighting overnight and Tuesday in towns in the northeast and centre of the rebel republic.

A shaky truce hangs in the balance in Croatia because a rehef convoy has failed to take aid to the town of Vukovar, almost flattened by seven weeks of shelling by Serbs, who oppose Croatian independence, and the Serb-led Yugoslav army.

In moves to break the deadlock, the presidents of Serbia and Croatia, Slobodan Milosevie and Franjo Tudjman, were scheduled to have separate talks in Moscow with Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

Yugoslav News Agency Tanjug said the Bosnian parliamant approved a document declaring a democratic sovereign state of equal citizens and peoples of Bosnia-Herzegovina, Muslims, Serbs and Croats."

It also adopted a document on

**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** 

PEKING (R) — China, stepping up its war of words against Taiwan, accused the island's Nationalist government Tuesday of

hypocrisy by publicly advocating better relations but secretly sending spies to subvert the mainland. On Monday China

announced the capture of four alleged Nationalist spies and

showed them being interrogated on state television. 'Taiwan authorities have often declared they hope for a 'reduction of

can be shaped, molded and adapted to reflect the changed

security requirement" in Europe in light of the demise of the

Warsaw Pact, a senior defence official said. The official, speaking about the meeting on condition of anonymity, said alliance defence ministers will "consider reductions to NATO's nuclear

stockpile over and above those the president has stated we will

already take." Alliance sources, speaking in Brussels, told the Associated Press last week that NATO was ready to make deep

cuts in its arsenal of nuclear gravity bombs, perhaps even slicing it

in half. Analysts have estimated that the alliance has about 1,400

such weapons, which can be delivered from aircraft that can carry

'U.S. helps Russia build missile shield'

LONDON (R) - Britain's Independent newspaper said that the

United States is helping Russia develop a shield against nuclear

missiles which might one day be launched at it accidentally or on

purpose by any of the Soviet republics. Tuesday's edition said

that, contrary to statements by President Mikhail Gorbachev,

"nuclear weapons outside Russia are not under firm central

control." The newspaper quoted remarks by Vitaly Shlykov, deputy defence minister of the Russian Federation, made to a

conference in Rimini, Italy, after he had visited Washington.

"One of the most effective means of coping with the possible

proliferation of nuclear weapons among the republics is collabora-

tion between the Soviet Union and the United States," be said.

An unnamed official with Shlykov was quoted as saying that

republics with nuclear weapons "intend to keep them". The

newspaper said no U.S. missiles would be sold and the accord

CAPE CANAVERAL (R) — The U.S. Defence Department conducted a successful test of "Star Wars" anti-missile technology high in the skies over Florida early on Monday, the army said.

The nine-minute test took place before dawn with instruments lofted by a small research rocket from Cape Canaveral air force

station after several false starts, the army said. William Frederick,

assistant director of Sensor Technology for the army's Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI) Office, said there were no problems with

the \$10 million experiment — unlike a twin that failed earlier this year.

would involve only a limited transfer of technology.

U.S. carries out SDI experiment

the other three, all Chinese citizens, would be tried.

Cheney to attend NATO meeting

China warns Taiwan against spying

munity" which appeared to lay the framework for breaking away from Yugoslavia.

Tanjug said 86 Muslims and 42 Croats voted after 73 Serbs walked out. It did not say how many favoured the independence

The vote widened splits among Bosnia's 4.2 million people, 44 per cent of whom are Muslim, 31 per cent Serbs and 17 per cent Croats, and increased fears of

fighting between ethnic groups. People of Bosnia-Herzegovina can flee from a battlefield that is already prepared only with the help of leaders other than the present ones who know only how to make conditions - either our (peace) option or war," the main Bosnian news-

Many Yugoslavs fear Bosnia will be sucked into the conflict between Serbs and Croats in Croatia because of its explosive ethnic mix and become the battlefield of a civil war.

paper Oslobodjenje said.

Muslim and Croats in Bosnia fear Serbia wants to create a "rump" Yugoslavia without Slovenia and Croatia which it would dominate as the biggest

of power but now faces an uphill'

task to save the country from

President Mobutu Sese Seko,

who has ruled Zaire virtually

unchecked for 26 years, approved

public.

In a sign of the tensions, Belgrade said deputies had been handed flak jackets as they left the Bosnian parliament.

The legality of the sovereignty moves was unclear because the parliament's president, ethnic Serb Momcilo Krajisnik, declared the session closed before the vote was taken.

"There is no legal way to do something like this," Radovan Karadzic, president of Bosnia's Serbian Democratic Party, said. Bosnia was the scene of some of Yugoslavia's worst fighting in

World War II. The murder of an Austrian archduke in Sarajevo in 1914 triggered World War I. In Croatia, talks were due to resume between the army and

Crostian forces on getting the

relief convoy to Vukovar.

New Zaire government takes office

the allocation of ministerial port-

It is the first time since he

seized power in a 1965 coup that

Mr. Mobutu, a journalist turned

soldier who celebrated his 61st

KINSHASA (R) — Zaire's a decree approving a new cabinet opposition has finally won a share after two weeks of wrangling over

folios.

Until the convoy gets through to deliever much-needed food and medicine, the Croats are refusing to lift a blockade of a federal army barracks in the Croatian capital Zagreb. Both are key parts of a truce worked



A Croatian fighter holds an unexploded bomb that was dropped by the Yugosiav Air Force during a raid.

Croatian Radio said shelling of Vukovar intensified after the rebef convoy left the area Monday without managing to deliever food and medical supplies. The radio reported fierce fight-

dead and caused hundreds of

millions of dollars of damage.

Western embassies and

businessmen say Zaire's economy

is in a state of collapse and

reconstruction could take years.

lawyer, said he would tackle the

job with a team of mostly un-

known technocrats who will lead

the country to general elections.
"It seems on first glance to be a

good government." one diplomat

Mr. Tshiskedi, a 58-year-old

tar and artillery fire.

ing Monday night around Novs ka, southeast of Zargeb, and said the federal air force was involved in attacks. It said Nova Gradiska and Osijek also came under mor-

democratic

HAVANA (R) — Cuban Presi-

dent Fidel Castro, closing a five-

day congress of the island's raling

Communist Party, said Monday

the meeting had taken important

steps to make Cuba's one-party

Socialist system more demo-

speech ramming home a message

of unshaking political commit

That message had dominated

ment to the one-party state.

# decisive action. Castro:

Congress Mr. Yeltsin effectively circummade Cuba vented his government early this more

which will be signed Friday.

said one possibility was that Mr considerable powers since the failed conp, would abolish the position of prime minister and able to his office.

The entire Cuban people were ready to die defending that system, Mr. Castro said in a fiery

the five days of the party meeting in the castern city of Santiago De Cuba. Addressing a rally outside the congress hall, the Cuban leader

praised the meeting as a "historic, heroic congress... the most democratic political congress ever held in the world."

In a one-hour speech loaded with superlatives, rhetoric and historical memories, he told the thousands of Cubans who packed the square: "We've taken important steps, not to please anyone else, but to carry out our own wish to perfect our party, to make our system even more demo-Cratic.

"Only a Socialist system can be democratic," he added. Mr. Castro singled out a deci-

sion by the party congress to lift a ban on religious believers joining the party.

"Now nobody can accuse us of discriminating against anyone, he said.

The 65-year-old president, who has ruled Cuba since the revolution he led in 1959, was earlier re-elected party first secretary in internal elections which chose a new 25-member politburo and a new, younger 225-member Cen-tral Committee.

During the congress, held in Cuba's second city, 1,000 kilometres from Havana, the nearly 1,800 delegates approved internal party reforms and drew up an economic strategy which they hoped would help Cuba to survive as one of the world's last Orthodox Communist states.

They also granted special powers to the new Central Committee to tackie the country's economic

"We'll take the decisions we must to find a way out of these difficult conditions, while maintaining our principle of protecting everyone, so that nobody is left out." Mr. Castro said.

Invoking themes of patriotism and rebellion that are a hallmark of his speeches, Mr. Castro praised Cuba as a "little island of revolution... surrounded by capitalism," and situated a few miles from its arch-enemy, the United States.

"We're invincible... and if they have to kill our entire people to crush the revolution, then the people, behind their leaders and their party, are ready to die," he

"We're ready to water our ideas with our blood," he added, standing beneath a buge, metal sculpture of 19th century Cuban independence fighter Major-General Antonio Maceo that had been erected especially for the party congress.

## Yeltsin summons aides to discuss crisis

MOSCOW (R) — Russian President Boris Yeltsin met his closest advisers Tuesday to tackle conflicts that have paralysed the republic's leadership since August's failed coup.

One official at the White House, the Russian parliament building which was at the centre of resistance to the putsch, said Mr. Yeltsin was expected to sack. most of his conservative cabinet over the next few days. Details would be discussed at the meeting of the president's State Council or inner leadership. "Change is imminent," official said.

Sergei Shakhrai, one of the leading figures in a power strug-gle that has unfolded since the collapse of Kremlin power delivered real power into republican hands, said the time had come for

There has been a pause (since the coup)," be told Sovietskaya Rossiya newspaper.

The pause bas lingered on. understand that an actor must take long breaks, but in some areas it has already assumed the quality of a graveyard silence,"

month when, without consultation, he empowered a close ally to initial a crneial interrepublican economic agreement Government ministers rebelled against the action and criticised many, points of the agreements,

The affair underlined the reakness of the present cabinet. Sources in the White House Yeltsin, who has already amassed make the cabinet directly answer-

He would then appoint a personal deputy to the cabinet to push through radical economic

Decisive action in the economy

is already long overdue.

Almost 100 days of Mr. Yeltsin's presidency has produced no clear progress towards economic reform and privatisation. His popularity could sink rapidly if fish, which are prolific breeders, fuel and food shortages begin to te with no clear prosi improvement.

Steel workers have warned of a if urgent action is not taken. Oil production is gradually falling and there are first signs of discontent in the central trade union movement over looming unemployment.

Mr. Yeltsin has been consult ing with democratic Russia, a loose amalgamation of radical reformers, on the future appearance of a Russia cabinet. "Demrossiya" now constitutes the most powerful political force after the effective abolition of the Communist Party.

But Mr. Yeltsin and Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev must be prepared to take large political and peronal risks if they are to push through the unpopular measures that will be necessary to revive the economy this winter. Mr. Yeltsin, still by far the most popular politician in the country, bas the most to lose from a harsh winter. Meanwhile, the Soviet Union is

to abolish one of the most controversial vestiges of its crumbling totalitarian order - the system of "propiska" obliging citizens to obtain special permission if they want to move to another city.

The Propiska — literally regis-

teration - enabled Communist authorities to keep a tight rein on citizens, controlling and monitoring their movements. Unruly individuals could be banished from cities and compliant comrades rewarded with permission to live. for instance, in Moscow or Leningrad.

But Sergei Alexeyev, head of the Constitutional Supervisory Committee of the Soviet parliament, told a news conference Monday the Proposka violated basic human rights and would be abolished from Jan. 1. In future, he said, citizens would be obliged only to register

a change of address with police, The step is likely to stir fears among Muscovites that tens of thousands of outsiders could descend on the capital, where shortages are already acute, seeking food and accommodation. But Alexeyev said it was possi-

ble Moscow would have a special "higher regime" of registration, suggesting restrictions of some kind could be retained for the

### Madonna's gold basque to be auctioned

LONDON (R) — A gold basque — close-fitting bodice — which pop star Madonna wore on her last tour is to be sold at a British auction to belp the homeless. The basque, which has cone-shane by French fashion designer John Paul Gaultier, is expected to fetch the highest price at the sile of pop memorabilia in Manches. ter, northern England, on Nov. Annie Lennox of the Eurythmics group asked friends and colleagues to back the sale on behalf of Shelter which runs a campaign for the homeless. Proceeds from the sale will go to Shelter's 25th anniversary appeal for £3 million (\$5 million) to expand its network of housing

#### Michael Caine buys home in California.

BEVERLY HILLS, California (AP) - Michael Caine has bought a home overlooking this city of celebrities. The 58-yearold actor paid about \$2.5 million for the four-bedroom, contemporary home, the Los Angeles Times reported. Mr. Came and his wife, Shakira, have lived in his native England for the past four years but are former Beverly Hills residents. Mr. Caine, who has made about 70 films in his career, won an Academy Award in 1986 as Best Supporting Actor-for the Woody Allen film Hannah And Her Sisters. He co-stars with Carol Burnett and Christopher Reeve in the film Noises Off, scheduled for release next year

### Piranhas lurk in Talwanese river

TAIPEI (R) — Watch out when swimming in Taiwan: Escaped piranhas, the razor-toothed, flesh-eating fish of South American rivers, are on the loose. At least two anglers have caught several of the voracious fish in Taiwan's northern Tunghsan River during recent weeks, an Ilan County government official said Monday. "We're not sure if the pixenhas can survive Taiwan's winter, but we are investigating because they could potentially destroy the ecological balance of the river," said agriculture sec-tion chief Wu Hsi-Da. The small their fish tanks, he said. At least one enterprising pond owner in complete collapse in their sector Taiwan has stocked up with piranhas, known in Chinese as "people-cating fish," and charges anglers a fee to catch them.

### Milky Way 'looks like a cigar'

TOKYO (R) - After three years

of intensive observations, a

Japanese astronomer says he has discovered that the Milky Way is shaped like a cigar. The finding was based mainly on the distribution of gas density in the central part of the galaxy, Naomasa Nakai of the National Astrono mic Observatory said. The Milley Way, the galaxy which contains our solar system, is composed of innumerable stars that are almost invisible to the naked eye from the Earth. "It is extremely difficult to determine the shape of the galaxy because we are living in Nakai said. It had been widely believed that the Milky Way was shaped like a spiral, he said, but it now appeared it was cigar-shaped. Mr. Nakai's re-search was carried out with the help of a huge radio telescope, 45 metres (146 feet) in diameter, in

### shaped, Mr. Nakai said. China conquers the cabbage crush

Nagano, central Japan. Apart from the Milky Way, only two

other galaxies, among possible

billions, were known to be cigar-

PEKING (AP) — Ching has conquered the cabbage crush. Buying up huge cabbage stocks used to be a patriotic duty in years of bumper crops. But pro-duction was reduced this year. thanks to the spread of green house farming and more shipments from southern provinces, which created a better choice of vegetables in the winter. Official reports Sunday said it was now unnecessary to press individuals work units and organisations to consume the cabbage comucopia. The announcement is a victory of sorts for Chinese who had become reluctant to continue their old winter ways of eating cabin bage, more cabbage and even more cabbage. Every November: the capital city was inundated with the vegetable after a harvest of hundreds of thousands of tons:

#### Monday a government led by Prime Minister Etienne Tshisekebirthday Monday, has ceded tension'... but actually they keep sending spies to the mainland, power to the opposition. establishing spy cells, buying information, spreading rumours and trying to destroy the stability of China's politics, economy and di, a long-standing opponent. Mr. Mobutu, bis band forced The new government will now have to deal with a country still society," a front-page editorial in the People's Daily said first by riots and then by pressure first by riots and then by pressure recovering from riots three weeks, from Western aid donors, signed ago which left more than 100 Tuesday. The editorial was next to an article detailing charges

economie collapse.

against the four. One, Taiwanese Li Zanfa, had been deported and Pope urges not to neglect poorer nations BRASILIA, Brazil (R) — Pope John Paul has urged the Interna-WASHINGTON (AP) - Defence Secretary Dick Chency has departed for the first major NATO session held since the Soviet coup and President George Bush's initiative to slash superpower tional Community not to neglect the Third World as it strives to nuclear arsenals. The session, scheduled to be held in Sicily Thursday and Friday, will focus on "how NATO's nuclear forces

belp rebnild post-Communist Eastern Europe. "The concentration of efforts aimed at building up the economies of these countries should not be allowed to distract attention from the sad situations which burden so many nations," the Pope told diplomats in Brasil's

capital on Monday night. The Pope, who has made defence of the poor a common thread of his second trip to Brazil, told the diplomats that the fall East-West tensions since 1989 bridged urgently, he said,

of communism in the East Bloc in 1989 and 1990 did not excuse them of their obligations to help other needy countries.

Advanced nations, the Pope said, could not "shirk their responsibilities to help those countries which alone would never be able to reach a just level of development.

The Pope, who played a key role in events which led to the fall of communism in his native Poland, has frequently stressed that business and political opportunishould not lead to neglect of the most need nations.

Since he arrived in Brazil Saturday as the start of a 10-day tour of 10 cities, the Pope bad made numerous defences of Latin America's poor and downtrod-

Before he addressed the diplomats at the Vatican embassy here, the Pope bluntly told President Fernando Collor de Mello that there was precious little time left to enact changes that would make Brazilian society more just.

The massive gap between rich

# Haiti may scrap plans for new elections

visional government could scrap plans for new elections and opt to negotiate to head off a trade embargo, Prime Minister Jean-Jacques Honorat hinted Monday.

Speaking to deputies during a parliamentary confirmation bearing Mr. Honorat, 60, repeated his readiness to negotiate with the Organisation of American States (OAS) on its demand for the restoration of ousted President Jean-Bertrand Aristide.

Mr. Honorat, a long-time critic of Mr. Aristide, took a similar position in comments to foreign reporters last Friday. It was the first time be had repeated this in public to a Haitian audience.

The Chamber of Deputies ratified Mr. Honorat Monday evening, watched by about 15 soldiers of the training camp, a unit be-

PORT-AU-PRINCE (R) - role in the Sept. 30 coup, while democratically elected president Haiti's military-installed pro- others waited outside. Mr. Honorat said he had named

nine of his 12 cabinet members. He did not identify them and only five accompanied him. Several prominent 'centrists, who could help to win respecta-

bility overseas for the militarybacked government, bave declined to join his government. Some politicians who did accept posts had links to the military government of General

Henri Namphy in the late 1980s. Last week the 34-member OAS agreed to use trade sanctions to try to reverse the coup.

OAS members, and nations outside the hemispheric umbrella, regard the provisional presidency of Supreme Court Judge Joseph Nerette as illegitimate.

Mr. Honorat did not explain how he hoped to reach agreement between those who insist on an lieved to have played a leading unconditional return for the return.

Mr. Aristide back on any terms New elections - excluding Mr. Aristide who won last December's vote with a landslide would further complicate efforts to restore him to office, and Mr. Honorat hinted he could use an election timetable as a bargaining

and those who oppose allowing

chip to counter sanctions. Meanwhile, the Haiti ambassador to the United States said Monday Mr. Aristide might be willing to allow changes in bis government and remain abroad for a while if the Haitian Congress

will recognise his presidency. Ambassador Jean Casimir, declaring allegiance to Mr. Aristide rather than the conp plotters who overthrew him on Sept. 30, said an Organisation of American

States civilian force likely would go to Haiti before Mr. Aristide's

# Nobel boosts Burmese but analysts fear junta will tighten up

RANGOON (R) - News of the Corporation. award of the Nobel Peace Prize to detained opposition leader Aung San Suu Kyi spread in the Burmese capital Tuesday but response was muted in a city cowed by tough military rule.

Burma's rigidly-controlled state press has not reported Monday's award and there has been no formal government response. Burmese diplomats in Thailand described the award as interference in their internal affairs.

Diplomats and academics said it could encourage the junta to tighten its grip still further.
The Nobel Committee cited

Aung San Suu Kyi for her nonviolent struggle for democracy and buman rights against a "regime characterised by brutality. It was not clear if Aung San

Suu Kyi, 46, who has spent more than two years confined to her bome beside Rangoon's Inya Lake, knew that she has been bonoured. News of the award spread in

Rangoon via those who bad

heard it on foreign radio stations

Diplomats said it was a major psychological boost to a people who demonstrated by the bundreds of thousands for democracy in 1988.

But few were willing to show their feelings for fear of the army, which bayoneted and shot thousands of people to crush dissent in 1988 and imposes long jail terms on anyone who dares speak

Rangoon residents said armed troops still patrolled the streets and in the past two weeks had revived late night house-to-house searches to root out opponents. "People who know (of the

award) say they are overjoyed in their hearts, but they don't say anything out foud as they just don't know who they can trust," said one resident reached by telephone from Bangkok.

"The climate here is pretty hard. People are pretty afraid." In the eastern town of Myawadi on the Thai border, people said they were pleased by the news. 'All the Burmese people are such as the British Broacasting happy for her. The only people

who are unhappy are the (junta)," said one man.

He said the government should avoid being condemned by the international community by releasing her before the formal presentation of the prize. Auug San Suu Kyi's National

League for Democracy (NLD) won the May 1990 general election by a landslide, despite her bouse arrest. But the junta has refused to let it govern and has arrested most of its leaders. Burmese dissidents in exile

were elated. In Bangkok, where thousands live as illegal immigrants, they threw parties late into Monday night. "Everybody is delighted. It is

the only good news Burma has had in the past three years," said one young woman who declined to be named. Some 30 members of a parallel government set up last year by

NLD members who fled military

clampdowns celebrated modestly

in Bangkok Tuesday with a Burmese traditional meal. "Friends from all over the world have called to extend their

congratulations on this great occasion and everyone is bappy but the people in Burma are unable to share this happiness," said Maung Maung Aye, minister of trade in the rival government.
Its information officer, Hla Pe,

said they had telephoned the offices of the government newspaper in Rangoon to tell them of the award, "but they said it was none of their business and hung

He said they had also called the Rangonn Military Command. "They said 'thank you' and hung

Burma scholars said the junta

appeared angered. "It is likely the regime will tighten up. They have always looked askance at any foreign attempts to influence their society whether in culture, politics or econcomics," said David Steinberg, of Georgetown University

in the United States, Mr. Hla Pe called on the Association of South East Asian Nations to stop doing business with with the parallel administration.

Western diplomats say the Burmese military is sensitive only to criticism from the United Nations. U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar hailed the award and said he hoped it would lead to Aung San Suu Kyi's re-

Steinberg said the honour was

likely to encourage efforts to get the U.N. General Assembly to pass a resolution against Burma. A motion by Sweden last year, calling for the release of Aung San Suu Kyi and other political prisoners and expressing concern about the failure of the military to step aside, was shelved after opposition from several states including China.

his reaction, said: "It is pleasing that someone in our region is awarded this honourable peace But be added that Thailand's good relations with Burma would

Thai Prime Minister Anand

Panyarachum asked by reporters for

not be affected. "Thailand still puts a priority the junta and enter into dialogue on good relations with the Burmese government," he said.

